

HOPKINSVILLE KENTUCKIAN.

WATCH THE DATE
After your name, enter promptly, and not miss number. The Postal regulations require subscriptions to be paid in advance.

VOL. XXXVI HOPKINSVILLE KENTUCKY, TUESDAY, AUGUST 18, 1914. No. 100

Editorial Comments.

Germany is in martial array and all her hands are Teuton.

A mammoth grapevine in California is seven feet in circumference at the point where it branches.

Gen. Von der Merwitz will hardly emerge from the coming battle with all sections of his name intact.

Gen. Otto Von Emmich, aged 66, a veteran of the war of 71, German commander in the Belgian war, has been killed. Gen. Von Der Merwitz succeeds him.

When Russia mobilizes she mobilizes. She now has 2,000,000 men on the German frontier, 500,000 on the Turkish frontier and 3,000,000 held in reserve.

Three men were killed at Leesburg, O., when an auto engine suddenly went "dead" and the machine stopped on a railroad track in front of an approaching train.

The French have cut their way into Limburger and the announce ment is made that the smell of powder from the battlefield will not reach the outside world for a week.

President Wilson is getting down to brass tacks when he reads the riot act to the food trust and tells them they shall not charge famine prices on a glutted market because of war 4,000 miles away.

In the absence of news under a strict censorship, the war correspondents are trying all the harder to earn their salaries. One of them wired that seven German ships had undoubtedly been sunk off Spurn Head, as he had seen seven masts sticking above the shallow water just like the masts used by German vessels.

The postmaster and mayor of Thann, a town twelve miles north west of Muelhausen, were detected in the act of spying and shot by the French. The war office states that in the operations at Liège the Belgians captured 2,000 prisoners, while the French on the frontier took more than 1,500 prisoners.

The Czar's great army is now ready to invade Germany on the East and the Kaiser must soon dispose of his enemies on the West or his eastern army will be unable to protect Berlin from the Russian side. The Ser vians are giving Austria enough to do. England is mistress of the seas and Japan will look after things for the allies in the orient.

The text of England's offensive and defensive alliance with Japan has been made public. It provides for the mutual preservation of peace in Eastern Asia and India, for insur ing the independence and integrity of the Chinese empire and the main tenance of territorial rights of the contracting parties in the orient and the defense of their special interests in the same region.

JAPAN SENDS ULTIMATUM

Giving Germany a Week To Get Out Of The Orient.

Tokio, Aug. 17.—Japan sent an ultimatum to Germany Saturday night at 8 o'clock, demanding the withdrawal of German warships from the orient and the permanent evacuation of Kiau-Chau in order that it may be restored to China, and giving Germany until Sunday, August 23, to comply with the demand. Other wise, the ultimatum states, Japan will take action.

The general expectation here is that the ultimatum will be followed by war.

The American government has been informed of what has been done, and has received assurances from Japan that every American interest will be amply safeguarded.

REBELS ENTER MEXICO CITY

National Capital Peacefully Occupied By Forces Under Gen. Obregon.

THE AMERICAN FLAG FLIES.

City Decorated For Occasion— Carranza, With Main Body, Entered Sunday Morning.

Mexico City, Aug. 16.—The national capital is in the hands of the constitutionalists. Gen. Obregon marched in with his army and took peaceful possession of the city late Saturday. The citizens greeted him and his soldiers with cheers. The evacuation by the federals has been completed and constitutional troops are quartered in the barracks, which the government soldiers recently occupied.

With the resignation of the military governors of the states of Chiapas, Vera Cruz, Tabasco, Campeche and Yucatan, the last vestige of the old regime will disappear.

The city was decorated for the occasion. For the first time in many months American flags flew beside the street, along which it had been announced the constitutional troops would pass. After six hours of waiting the people were rewarded by seeing the front ranks of the main force of Gen. Obregon's army swing into the Paseo de la Reforma and commence the march toward the national palace.

Gen. Carranza with the main body of the army entered Mexico City Sunday morning.

CARRANZA TAKES OVER

The Government of Mexico and The Federals Evacuate.

Mexico City, Aug. 17.—The capital Friday passed an expectant but quiet day, awaiting the incoming constitutionalists. The plan for the dissolution of the federal army calls for the delivery of all arms and munitions to the constitutionalists, which seemingly indicates that if it is complied with there will be no fear of a counter revolution by the federal army.

The army will be distributed along the Mexican railway, in towns between the capital and Puebla. The new minister of war will designate constitutionalist officers to receive the surrender of each battalion.

A commission of four constitutionalists met General Velasco, minister of war under President Carranza, to arrange the taking over of the fortifications at Cuiclaui and Tlalapa.

It is probable that General Carranza's cabinet will be as follows:

Foreign minister, Isadora Fabela. Minister of the interior, General Alvará Obregon. Minister of war, Gen. Eduardo Hay.

Minister of public works, Alberto T. Pani. Orders closing all Catholic churches were issued by the archbishop, who will not permit them to reopen until the new regime is established. Many clergymen are leaving for Spain.

CARRANZA PRESIDENT

Agreement Signed Outside The City of Mexico.

Washington, Aug. 16.—Venustiano Carranza was named provisional president of Mexico in the agreement signed outside of the city of Mexico Friday by General Obregon and representatives of federal Governor Iturbide, according to an announcement tonight by the constitutionalists agency here.

Dispatches to Rafael Zubaran, head

SENDS ULTIMATUM TO GERMANY

Must Withdraw Army From The Oriental Field or The Japs Will Get Into War Game.

NO NEWS OF THE IMPENDING BATTLE YET.

Millions of Men Face Each Other Along a Battle Line 266 Miles In Length.

London, Aug. 17.—While the German forces are pushing forward through the valley of the Meuse and still more extensive operations are in progress along the Alsace-Lorraine frontier, where the French and German armies are in contact, Japan has sent an ultimatum to Germany demanding the withdrawal of German warships from the orient and the evacuation of Kiauchau, a German protectorate in China.

This territory comprises an area of 200 square miles, with 200 square miles additional in the bay. Tsing Tau, the seat of the governor of the territory, is the port where the German warships mobilized at the outbreak of hostilities.

Japan's ultimatum gives Germany until August 23 to comply with the demands. Owing to cable interruption, however, Japan has not been able to deliver the ultimatum to Ger-

many, and it is announced from Washington that the United States will undertake this task.

Pekin reports that three British regiments have been ordered to hold themselves in readiness to go aboard transports, and it is presumed they will co-operate with the Japanese land forces, if force of arms is resorted to.

In Tokio the Japanese ultimatum has created a deep impression, and the Japanese premier and foreign minister have counseled the Japanese to maintain a calm attitude.

Late dispatches report an offensive movement by the French from Lunville to Sarrebourg, but this is considered as merely an outpost affair.

A state of siege has been proclaimed in Bulgaria.

The United States cruisers Tennessee and North Carolina, bearing gold for Americans in Europe, have arrived at Falmouth.

WON'T DELIVER THE BOOKS

Publishers Throw Rural Institutions Into Chaos by Refusal To Fill Contracts.

Frankfort, Ky., Aug. 14.—The refusal of text book publishers under the State contract of 1914 to deliver books in some instances to local dealers elected by county boards of education, and refusals to accept in exchange old text books not in good condition, have thrown the rural schools into chaos, according to State Superintendent Hamlett, who wired twenty-one concerns this morning that he had advised with the Attorney General and would lay before him information on which to forfeit the bonds of the publishers.

of the agency, said the agreement provided that Carranza should fill offices necessary to conduct the government until a general election can be held.

The federal garrison evacuating Mexico City, it was said, will form in groups of not more than 5,000 along the railroad, to be disbanded and disarmed by constitutionalists' commissioners, while federal garrisons in certain towns near Mexico City and fronting the troops of Zapata remain at their posts until relieved by constitutionalist forces.

Garrisons in southern states are to lay down their arms, and the federal navy is to be turned over to the provisional president. Notice of Carranza's entry into the capital had not reached the agency tonight.

Secretary Bryan gave out a statement saying a dispatch from the Brazilian minister in the city of Mexico reported that the governor of the federal district was to deliver authority over the police force to the constitutionalist authorities as soon as General Obregon occupies the capital. The police are to enjoy all guarantees.

General Obregon's army is to enter the city in perfect order and without molestation of any kind to any of the inhabitants, the statement says. Punishment will be visited on any soldier or civilian guilty of violence to any resident.

Youthful Bride.

Elmer Beene, 20, and Miss Mamie Siria, 16, both of the Manitowishtry, were married Tuesday at the home of the bride.—Hustler.

COMPROMISES TAX CASES

In Instances Where Failure to Make Returns Was Due to Ignorance.

Washington, Aug. 17.—The Treasury Department has determined to accept offers in compromise of the specific penalty for failure on the part of individuals or corporations to make returns within the period prescribed, of their annual net incomes for the income tax, in cases where such failure was due to misunderstanding of the law or ignorance as to its requirements. The minimum offers that will be received are \$5 from individuals and \$10 from corporations organized for profit. This statement is made in announcements being sent to day to collectors of internal revenue by Acting Commissioner of Internal Revenue Williams.

It also is stated that in cases of corporations not organized for profit the specific penalty will not be asserted this year provided the required return has been or shall be filed before December 31, 1914.

The foregoing, it is added, applies only in cases in which there was no intention of evading the law or escaping taxation.

In all instances, however, wherein returns are not made until the liability to make returns is discovered by investigation of collectors of revenue agents, the above schedule will not necessarily apply, but each individual case will be decided on its own merits and the amount of the offer in compromise which may be favorably received will be determined accordingly.

WAR

Not to Affect Foreign Coal Contracts.

The Dixon Journal says the European war will not affect the foreign coal contracts or the Deepwater Coal & Coke Company, the company which is planning to take over most of the developed and undeveloped coal properties of Western Kentucky.

The company advised Webster county men interested in the Onton and Dixon coal fields this week to continue with the survey and abstracting.

The Evansville Courier says that Evansville or Henderson will be selected as the location for a two million dollar steel bridge.

TWO SUSPECTS ARRESTED

And Taken To Union City, Tenn., On Charge of Murder.

ONE WAS A WHITE MAN.

Both Men Had Been In This City For A Week or More.

Saturday night Fred Scheurer, a nineteen year old boy, was arrested at the home of Geo. Connell, where he had engaged board for a week, on the charge of being an accessory in the murder of a barber named Lehmann in Union City, Tenn. This murder happened several weeks past. A negro boy, who gives his name as Luther Hockett, was also arrested. Hockett is charged with the murder of the victim.

These two men have been in this city for about a week.

Lehmann, who was supposed to have been a miser, was murdered at night and his body disappeared for several weeks. The authorities had been searching everywhere for his body and at last they found it in an old well. The feet were floating on top of the water, the head having been weighted down.

In the meantime those accused of the murder escaped and the Union City officials have been looking for them everywhere.

It is thought that Scheurer and Hockett have been supplied with money by accomplices in Union City. They were sent back to Union City at 3:30 Sunday afternoon.

FOUR COUPLES MADE HAPPY

Cupid Has A Busy Day Saturday and Four Couples Wedded.

Cupid made Saturday his busy day and as a result County Clerk Harris was kept busy writing marriage licenses.

Miss Anna Aline Tromley, of Vincennes, Ind., and Martin V. Young, of Sparta, Tenn., who has been working in the coal mines at Vincennes, were united in the holy bonds of wedlock by Judge Knight Saturday afternoon.

Malbert Ausenbaugh and Miss Frankie Webb, a young couple from Hopkins county, were also married by Judge Knight. The bride was 21 years of age. Ausenbaugh is a young farmer about 24 years old.

F. E. Overton, of Fruit Hill, and Miss Nora Isabel Tyson, of Tyson, Ky., got a marriage license Saturday afternoon and were married a short while afterward by Rev. L. L. Spurlin.

A marriage license was also issued to Dulin Terry and Miss Pearl Adams. Both of these young people were from Crofton.

REV. SHAW

Of Clarksville Conducts Union Services.

Sunday night Rev. A. R. Shaw, D. D. of the Southern Presbyterian University in Clarksville preached at the park at the union services. In the morning Rev. Shaw occupied the pulpit at the Cumberland Presbyterian church in the absence of Rev. C. H. H. Branch who is taking his vacation. Mr. Shaw is a convincing and forceful speaker and his sermons were much enjoyed by those who heard them.

None to Sell.

Fifty years ago, in August, 1864, wheat sold at \$2.30 and corn at \$1.50 per bushel. It was war times and our fathers knew what the high cost

MRS. SHELTON WINS AUTO

In a Fiercely Fought Contest With Votes Pouring In To The Last Minute.

FOUR OVER 1,000,000 VOTES.

The Greatest Subscription Getting Contest In The Kentuckian's Career.

The Kentuckian's Automobile and Mammoth Cave Contest closed Saturday night at 8 o'clock with a great rush of business to the last minute. A big crowd was present and as soon as the contest was declared closed, each contestant who desired to do so named a representative to count the votes and this was done in a private room and the result announced before nine o'clock and the prizes awarded according to the proposition made.

Mrs. Chas. F. Shelton had the highest vote and the automobile was awarded to her, while the ten next highest got a trip to Mammoth Cave on Aug. 25 and 26.

The official count appears below:

Mrs. C. F. Shelton, City...	6,823,700
Miss Mabel Maddux, Co...	5,488,400
Mrs. I. B. Cayce, Co...	2,556,650
Miss Mabel Boyd, City...	1,351,000
Mrs. Eugene Kelly, Pem...	860,900
Miss Nora Higgins, City...	670,700
Miss Kattie Osteen, Co...	669,550
Miss Lorena Shelton, Co...	327,700
Miss Nell Dawson, Co...	312,300
Miss Robbie McKenzie, Co...	146,900
Miss Elizabeth Davis, City...	127,000
Miss Elizabeth Major, Co...	77,400
Miss Mary Roper, City...	40,200

The committee named by the contestants counted the votes and made the following report:

We the undersigned committee agree that the above count is correct:

T. L. MORROW,
G. S. SHELTON,
I. B. CAYCE,
E. G. SHELTON,
JOS. HIGGINS, JR.,
C. F. SHELTON.

The contest was the most successful ever held by the Kentuckian and great lists of subscriptions were brought in from all over the county and adjoining counties. So many were received the last few days that it will take several days hard work to get them on the books. Immense clubs gathered up throughout the week were turned in and the contest closed with four of the leading contestants fighting to the last minute. Mrs. Chas. F. Shelton, who won the first prize, elected to take \$500 in lieu of the automobile valued at \$523.15, under the new schedule of Ford prices. The cash was paid to her yesterday.

Details of the cave trip will be announced in the next issue.

HALF DOZEN NICE COLTS

To Be Shipped To Sheepshead Bay This Week By Local Breeders.

Dr. M. W. Williams and John H. White will go to New York the latter part of the week with six two-year-old colts of Cyclades to be offered for sale at Sheepshead Bay Sept. 2. At Lexington they will be combined with a shipment of a dealer there. Of the six colts, five are fillies. Three are owned by Williams & Radford, one by W. A. Radford and two by White & Garnett. The coming sale will be the first held at Sheepshead Bay for several years, the sales having been broken up by unfriendly legislation. Local breeders will have a fine lot of stock for sale next year, as they are now breeding on the former large scale to Williams & Radford's new horse, Zeus.

W. T. Radford and Cyrus Radford will leave to-day for a ten-day trip

Hopkinsville Kentuckian.

Published Every Other Day.

TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY
MORNING, BY
CHAS. M. MEACHAM.

Entered at the Hopkinsville Postoffice as Second
Class Mail Matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

ONE YEAR.....\$2.00
SIX MONTHS.....1.00
THREE MONTHS......50
SINGLE COPIES..... 5c
Advertising Rates on Applications
212 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

TUESDAY AUGUST 15

The Meuse river where the fighting is going on in Europe is not the one the Bull Moose explorer discovered.

The Louisville Herald wants to know if it costs 2,500 men for an army to make a feint how many will it cost to throw a real fit.

John Mack Melan, recently of Paris—not France but Tennessee—has swarmed again and is settled in the office of the Owensboro Inquirer, where he is doing some paragoning that is attracting a tention all over Kentucky.

Newton Everette Calmes, editor of the Lyon County Herald, who died a few days ago, was born in Christian County, Ky., near Bainbridge, Nov. 29, 1856. The family moved to Union County when Newton was a child.

A Reuter dispatch from St. Petersburg says a message from Vilna states that a German aeroplane making observation of Russian military movements in the Polish government of Suwalki was fired on and brought down. Its occupants, four German officers, were killed, according to the dispatch.

Investigation of an alleged conspiracy to increase food prices in New York City, may be followed by a grand jury action such as that which recently resulted in conviction of the poultry trust. In addition, Mrs. Julian Heath, president of the Housewives League, has taken steps to start a nation-wide food boycott, as a protest against high prices on food products.

The Boston, Cape Cod and New York Canal, connecting Buzzards Bay with Massachusetts Bay and enabling coastwise vessels to avoid the dangerous passage around wreck-strewn Cape Cod, was formally opened recently by August Belmont, of New York, president of the constructing and operating company. The canal shortens by seventy miles the shipping distance between the ports to the north and the south of it. It cost \$12,000,000.

Legal forces, state and federal, all over the country got into action Friday carrying out President Wilson's suggestion for an investigation of whether food prices are being artificially increased on the pretext of the European war, and for criminal prosecutions if that is found to be the case. The national capital led off the campaign with a grand jury investigation to which commission merchants, wholesalers and retailers, buyers for hotels and restaurants, were subpoenaed, and citizens having evidence were invited.

Child Acts Surgeon's Role.
Sarah Shaffer, thirteen years old, of Los Angeles, Cal., developed into a little heroine when her five-year-old sister fell on the sidewalk while at play and shattered her elbow. Dr. Edward G. Wiley, chief police surgeon, explained patiently over the telephone how the splint should be put on, and Sarah made such a good job of it as to win the admiration of all who saw the tiny patient when she arrived at the receiving hospital with her little amateur nurse. The children's father is at the county hospital and their mother went to visit him. Mayhelle fell and broke her arm. Sarah called up the receiving hospital, but owing to the distance was advised to call one of the district doctors. She could raise none, and again called the receiving hospital. Doctor Wiley told Sarah what to do to relieve the baby's pain, while the ambulance raced out to the Shaffer home, and Sarah obeyed instructions to the letter.

For any itchininess of the skin, for skin rashes; chap, pimples, etc., try Doan's Ointment. 50c at all drug

DOGS MUST BE MUZZLED

Prevalence of Hydrophobia
Render it Necessary That
Unmuzzled Dogs Must
Be Killed.

To Peace Officers, Health Officers and the People of Kentucky
A recent examination of dogs' heads from widely separate sections of the state shows an alarming prevalence of hydrophobia. Under the authority conferred upon it by law, the State Board of Health hereby requests and directs all persons owning valuable dogs to keep them up on their own premises or to have them carefully muzzled, and sheriffs, chiefs of police, constables and the people generally are hereby requested and directed to destroy, as painlessly as possible, all unmuzzled dogs running at large, with a view to the prevention of hydrophobia. Failure to observe this request is punishable by fine before any magistrate.

Through arrangements with the United States Public Health Service, the State Board of Health is enabled to give the Pasteur treatment at the Bacteriological Laboratory, Bowling Green, Ky., without expense, to individuals who have been bitten by rabid dogs or other animals. Dogs' heads suspected of being mad should be sent to the Laboratory, express prepaid, and the result of the examination will be telephoned or telegraphed.

This Board takes this occasion to inform the people of Kentucky that mad-dogs are useless if one is really bitten by an infected animal. Their use gives a false sense of security and their use is forbidden by law.

Given under our hands and the seal of the State Board of Health, this August 11, 1914.

J. G. SOUTH,

President.

A. T. McCORMACK,

Secretary.

Summer Constipation

Dangerous.

Constipation in Summer-time is more dangerous than in the fall, winter or spring. The food you eat is often contaminated and is more likely to ferment in your stomach. Then you are apt to drink much cold water during the hot weather, thus injuring your stomach. Colic, Fever, Ptomaine Poisoning and other ailments are natural results. Po-Do-Lax will keep you well, as it increases the bile, the natural laxative, which rids the bowels of the congested poisonous waste. Po-Do-Lax will make you feel better. Pleasant and effective. Take a dose to-night. 50c at your Druggist.—Advertisement.

The Endless Chain.

"You seem to be in a lot of trouble, Mose," a Southern lawyer remarked to the colored man who cared for his office.

"Yas, I see plum' miser'ble, sah, plum' miser'ble, an' what's wuss, they ain't no way outen it," groaned Mose.

"Cheer up, I don't believe anything can be as bad as that, Mose. Tell me your trouble," said his boss, encouragingly.

"It's like dis; my teef is so bad I can't eat nuffin' 'les I get me some false teef an' ef ah git me some false teef they'll cost me so much ah won't have no money for to buy me scumfin' to eat!"—Boston Truth.

Summer Coughs

Are Dangerous.

Summer colds are dangerous. They indicate low vitality and often lead to serious Throat and Lung Troubles, including Consumption. Dr. King's New Discovery will relieve the cough or cold promptly and prevent complications. It is soothing and antiseptic and makes you feel better at once. To delay is dangerous—get a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery at once. Money back if not satisfied. 50c and \$1.00 bottles at your Druggists. Advertisement.

But Never to Our Shelves.

"What is your definition of 'filthy lucre'?" "That's a derogatory term applied to other people's money."—Baltimore Sun.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Cheaper
THAN
COAL

Wood to Burn
Almost Giving It Away

Cheaper
THAN
COAL

We have ONE THOUSAND LOADS OF STOVE WOOD, which, in order to move quick, we are offering at the following LOW PRICES:

Express load at yard \$.35
One horse wagon load at yard50
Two horse wagon load at yard 24 in. wagon bed 1.00
Large all-purpose frame according to size \$1.50 to 2.00
One horse wagon load delivered in City 1.00
Two horse wagon load delivered in the City \$1.50

We have the Wood both dry and green and it will pay you to
FILL YOUR WOOD SHED NOW.

Don't wait until the BLASTING WINDS have come and the cry for Wood is heard on all sides, but Fill Your Wood Shed and fill it NOW.

SAW DUST At The Following Low Price:
Per Load 50 Cents

These prices on WOOD and SAW DUST are good for only THIRTY DAYS and you should place your order promptly in order to insure quick delivery.

STOVE WOOD AND SAW DUST LOCATED AT OUR SAW MILL
Eighteenth and Harrison Street.

FORBES MFG. COMPANY

Incorporated.

Preferred Locals.

See J. H. Dagg for contracting building and general repair work of all kinds. Phone 476. Advertisement.

Good morning! Have you seen The Courier?
Evansville's best paper.
Advertisement.

Fresh Carload of Bananas in rear of Clay Street School.

Smithson's Well.

Public invited to come to the well and test the water free. Water delivered to your home Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

L. H. SMITHSON.

Advertisement.

For Sale

Four H. P. Gasoline tank cooled International engine, in good condition, at a very low price. May be seen at PLANTERS HDW. CO. Incorporated. Advertisement.

PAY YOUR TAXES NOW.

The tax books for 1914 are now in my hands and I am collecting taxes on them. Pay your taxes now and avoid the rush and possible penalty later. JEWEL W. SMITH, S. C. C. Advertisement.

FOR SALE

The S. H. Myers farm, known as the Cedar Valley Stock Farm, situated about nine miles north-east of Hopkinsville near the Johnson Mill Road, three miles east of Kelly's Station. This farm contains 402 acres by an old survey, about three fourths cleared land, balance in timber, lot of nice cedar timber; well watered, an ideal stock farm, fine tobacco land, brings excellent crops of wheat, corn and hay; two sets of improvements, can easily be divided into two farms. H. C. MYERS, Phone 829-3.

Hymn Before Action.

(By Rudyard Kipling.)

The earth is full of anger,
The seas are dark with wrath,
The Nations in their harness
Go up against our path;
Ere yet we loose the legions—
Ere yet we draw the blade,
Jehovah of the Thunders,
Lord God of Battles, aid!
High lust and forward bearing,
Proud heart, rebellious brow—
Deaf ear and soul uncaring,
We seek Thy mercy now!
The sinner that forswore Thee,
The fool that passed Thee by,
Our times are known before Thee—
Lord, grant us strength to die!
From panic, pride and terror,
Revenge that knows no rein,
Light haste and lawless error,
Protect us yet again;
Cloak Thou our undeserving,
Make firm the shuddering breath,
In silence and unswerving
To taste Thy lesser death!
E'en now their vanguard gathers,
E'en now we face the fray—
As Thou didst help our fathers,
Help Thou our host today!
Fulfilled of signs and wonders,
In life, in death made clear—
Jehovah of the Thunders,
Lord God of Battles, hear!

Feel languid, weak, run down?
Headache? Stomach "off"? A good remedy is Burdock Blood Bitters. Ask your druggist. Price \$1.00.

Infection and Insect

Bites Dangerous.

Mosquitoes, flies and other insects, which breed quickly in garbage pails, ponds of stagnant water, barns, musty places, etc., are carriers of disease. Every time they bite you they inject poison into your system from which some dread disease may result. Get a bottle of Sloan's Liniment. It is antiseptic and a few drops will neutralize the infection caused by insect bites or rusty nails. Sloan's Liniment disinfects Cuts, Bruises and Sores. You cannot afford to be without it in your home. Money back if not satisfied. Only 25c, at your Druggists.—Advertisement.

Not An Omission.

Mrs. Benton tasted the savory morsel she had carefully compounded in the chaffing dish and looked at her husband somewhat apprehensively. Then she said:

"Somehow it don't taste just as Mrs. Mink's did the other night. Yet I thought I remembered the recipe all right. I suppose I must have left something out."

Mr. Benton tasted reflectively.

"I don't think so," he remarked.

Mrs. Benton's face brightened visibly. "Then here husband continued: "There's nothing you could leave out," he said, "that would make it taste like this. It's something you've put in!"—New York Globe.

KENTUCKY FAIR DATES.

The following are the dates fixed for holding the Kentucky fairs for 1914, as reported:

Hardinsburg, Aug. 18-4 days.
Shepherdsville, Aug. 18-4 days.
Stanford, Aug. 19-4 days.
Elizabethtown, Aug. 25-3 days.
Grayson, Aug. 26-4 days.
Mayfield, Aug. 26-4 days.
Shelbyville, Aug. 26-3 days.
Florence, Aug. 27-3 days.
Frankfort, Sept. 1-4 days.
Alexandria, Sept. 1-5 days.
Barboursville, Sept. 2-3 days.
Tompkinsville, Sept. 2-4 days.
Hodgenville, Sept. 8-3 days.
Palmouth, Sept. 9-4 days.
Scottsville, Sept. 10-3 days.
Kentucky State Fair, Louisville Sept. 14-6 days.
Horse Cave, Sept. 23-4 days.
Pennyroyal Fair, Hopkinsville, Sept. 29-5 days.
Glasgow, Sept. 30-4 days.
Paducah, Oct. 6-4 days.
Murray, Oct. 7-3 days.

Constipation Causes Sickness.

Don't permit yourself to become constipated, as your system immediately begins to absorb poison from the backed-up waste matter. Use Dr. King's New Life Pills and keep well. There is no better safeguard against illness. Just take one dose to-night. 25c. at your Druggist. Advertisement.

LIGHT UP!

25	WATT	MAZDA	LAMPS	\$.25
40	"	"	"	.25
60	"	"	"	.25
100	"	"	"	.60
150	"	"	"	.80
750	"	NITROGEN	"	5.10
1000	"	"	"	6.15

KENTUCKY PUBLIC SERVICE CO.

INCORPORATED.

City Bank & Trust Co.

SUCCESSFUL METHODS
AMPLE RESOURCES
FIDELITY
EVERY FACILITY
TRUSTWORTHY
YEARS OF EXPERIENCE

3 Per Cent. Interest On Time Deposits.

Banking Facilities

With ample working capital, exceptional collection arrangements, and a thoroughly organized office system this bank has the ability and disposition to extend to its customers every facility warranted by safe, conservation banking.

THREE PER CENT. INTEREST ON TIME CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT.

BANK OF HOPKINSVILLE

Nat Gaither, President; J. E. McPherson, Cashier; H. L. McPherson, Asst. Cashier.

BUY THE VERY BEST

Cheap paint soon cracks and peels off, and is neither useful nor ornamental. You can have a guarantee of highest quality and of absolute satisfaction if you will buy nothing else but

Silver Seal Paints

Finishes, Stains and Varnishes
 And they will cost you 25% less than other high grade brands. Tell us your paint needs today and we will send you our PAINT BOOK free. It gives prices and other valuable information.

Kentucky Paint Mfg Company,
 (Incorporated)
 513 W. Market St.
 LOUISVILLE,
 KY.

FURNITURE & UNDERTAKING

STOVES, MATTINGS, RUGS AND DRUGGETS.

H. L. HARTON, Undertaker and Embalmer.

W. A. P'POOL & SON

NO. 10 SOUTH MAIN STREET.
 PHONE 861 NIGHT PHONE 1134.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

HOPKINSVILLE - KENTUCKY.
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY
 Only National Bank in This Community.

Capital.....\$75,000.00
 Surplus.....25,000.00
 Stockholders' Liability.....75,000.00

ISSUES TRAVELER'S CHECKS GOOD IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

HAS A REGULAR SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
 Three Per Cent Interest Paid on Savings and Time Deposits

SEE

McClaid & Armstrong

DEALERS IN

GRANITE AND MARBLE MONUMENTS,
 CUT STONE OF ALL KINDS.

Marble Yards and Office N. Main Street, Between 1st and 2nd Sts.

HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

Cumb. Telephone 490.

OLD PRIZE OF WAR POLES MENACE CZAR

Belgrade Has Been Fought Over for Many Centuries.

Scene of Countless Devastating Conflicts Since the Celts Built the First Fortifications Seven-teen Hundred Years Ago.

If the spirits of the soldiers slain in Belgrade, the capital of Serbia, during the last thousand years could be reincarnated such an armed host would be represented as has not been seen since Xerxes set out from Sardis to conquer the civilized world. For since the first fortifications were made on the promontory at the confluence of the Save and the Danube, near the site of the present city, by the Celts in the third century B. C., it has been the scene of one devastating conflict after another.

The Celts gave to Belgrade the name of Singidunum, and as such it was known until the seventeenth century A. D. The Romans took it from the Celts and replaced their fort by strong fortifications, as is evidenced by bricks recently dug up bearing the inscription "Legio IV, Flavia Felix." For the following two centuries it changed masters often, each change being marked by slaughter, as Huns, Sarmatians, Goths and Gepids followed each other into possession before the Emperor Justinian brought it once more under Roman rule.

Toward the end of the eighth century the Franks of Charlemagne besieged and took it, and the following century it fell into the hands of Bulgarians. In the eleventh century the Byzantine emperor, Basil II, reconquered it for the Greek empire. The Hungarians fought over it for the first time in 1124, when King Stephen wrested it from the Greeks.

The Serbian kings first gained its possession in the fourteenth century, and after 27 years the Serbian prince, Giorg Brankovitch, ceded it to the Hungarians. Its possession by Christian nations incensed the Turk, and twice during the fifteenth century the city was assailed by the followers of the sultans. Each time they were beaten back, and in the last siege, that of 1456, the monk, John Capistrano, and the famous John Hunyadi rose to fame through the vigor of the defense conducted by them.

In the middle of the next century the Turks under the Sultan Suleiman took it from the Hungarians, and it remained a Turkish possession until the Austrians captured it in 1688. Two years later the Turks recaptured the city and held it until 1717, when, by a most brilliant campaign, Prince Eugene of Savoy retook it for the Austrians, who held it until 1739.

Then the Turks gained its possession only to lose it 50 years later when the Austrians under General Laudon carried it by assault and held the citadel for four years. One hundred and seven years ago the Serbians, having gained their independence, became masters of Belgrade, but were forced to abandon it to the Turks six years later. Until 1862 the Turks kept troops in the garrison there, but the Serbians were practically their own rulers.

The dual government occasioned much friction, and in June, 1862, the Turkish commander bombarded the Serbian quarter of the city. As a consequence of the assault, four years later diplomatic pressure was brought to bear and the Turkish garrison was withdrawn. Then followed the modern Balkan wars, during which Belgrade was the scene of much armament, riots and threatened sieges.

OLD-TIME FRIENDS AT WAR

Four of the Nation's Involved Have Been at Peace With One Another for Century.

Germany and Russia have been at peace more than a century. They were the first great powers to declare war on each other. Germany and Great Britain have been friends, officially, since Napoleon's efforts to place the whole continent in a state of hostility against England. Now Germany and the United Kingdom are about to begin fighting.

Great Britain and Austria-Hungary have been on good terms for a hundred years. They never have clashed over colonies or trade. They have no reason for enmity, but their alliances and obligations make them foes, against the will of their governments and their people.

Have the Battling Nations of Europe Food Enough for the Noncombatants?

The great war in Europe has brought to the front the question whether noncombatants can be fed while the armies, which fight upon their bellies, are contending for victory in the field. Already a sudden demand for rations on an enormous scale has caused a sharp advance in food prices. It has become necessary to forbid exportations of wheat and other grains and of farinaceous foods of all kinds.

In the best of times the continental peoples consume little meat, and now flour threatens to be scarce and high. Harvests have not been glutted yet, and for the present subsistence must be upon such stores of grain as are available.

Conditions are little better in England than on the continent; in the matter of the food fund now available they are worse, for England never has more than a month's supply of meat and cereals. The destruction of England's sea power would end any war in which she was engaged.

Fortunately England is so strong in battleships and cruisers of the second class that in the event of a general war in Europe she should be able to protect her grain and food carriers and to save her ally France from famine. Russia, the other member of the triple entente, is self-supporting. Of the members of the triple alliance, Germany, having promoted her manufacturing and neglected her agricultural interests, would suffer more from war than Austria, and perhaps more than Italy, which is not rich in natural resources.

Ten Million of Them In Russia Hate the Government.

Have Been Forced to Surrender Their Nationality, While In Austria and Germany They Were Decently Treated.

Russia does not present an unbroken front to Austrian or German arms. There can be little doubt that the most restless element in that vast empire is made up of the ten million or more Poles who have been forced to surrender their liberties, their language and their nationality to the government in St. Petersburg.

On the other hand, 4,000,000 Poles within the boundaries of Austria-Hungary are expected to give whole-souled support to Emperor Francis Joseph, out of gratitude for the enlightened policy pursued by his government with respect to that people. The spectacle of the Poles of Russia rising against the St. Petersburg government and joining in sympathy with the Austrians will be a natural result of the treatment the ten million have received as subjects of the czar.

Russians and Poles, although both of the Slavic race, have nothing in common politically. Antagonism between them has been handed down through the centuries, and it did not die out but flamed higher after the smaller nation had been dismembered and absorbed in part by Russia.

Russia denies her Polish subjects everything that savors of preference in military and political life, although they come of a fierce race, ambitious to rule. She attempts to force the Russian language on the Poles. In this she has succeeded in large measure, although the Poles cling tenaciously to their ancient tongue and their traditions.

The Poles of Russia are ardent revolutionists, it is said. The conservatives belong to the National league, which is described as an organization to conserve patriotism, and the radicals are to be found in the ranks of the Socialist party.

Germany's policy toward the Poles within her gates has not been pursued with the ruthless severity of Russia. The Prussian effort to "denationalize" the Pole in the Fatherland is not calculated to make the Poles love their rules, but little blood has been shed in the last sixty years. There appears to be no disposition on the part of the Poles in Germany to rise against the government.

The Poles living in Austria—the third nation that aided in the dismemberment—have been permitted to rule themselves, to all intents and purposes. In Galicia the Poles have obtained political ascendancy over the Ruthenians, who are of Russian kinship.

Warring Royal Folk of Europe Closely Related

Kaiser Wilhelm is a grandson of Queen Victoria. His mother was the British Queen's eldest daughter and bore her mother's name.

The Czar Nicholas is married to a granddaughter of Queen Victoria. His wife's mother was the queen's second daughter and third child, the Princess Alice Maud Mary, who married the Grand Duke of Hesse, a German state. One of the younger daughters of the Grand Duke of Hesse and his English wife was the Princess Alix. She is the czarina.

The mother of the czar was the Princess Dagmar of Denmark. One of her sisters was Queen of England during the reign of Edward VII. Ex-Queen Alexandra of Great Britain and the Dowager Empress Dagmar of Russia are sisters.

For many generations the Russian royal family has become more and more German in blood through a long series of marriages between its grand dukes and German princesses. The Romanoffs are as German now, in that respect, as their kinsmen, the Hohenzollerns, who reign in Berlin.

It is a fine family mixup which the war has caused, but in these times royal relationships have extremely little influence upon the international policies of great nations.

When You Want

SOMETHING GOOD TO EAT

Fresh and Nice and 16 ozs. to the lb., give me a trial and you will be my customer. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

COUNTRY PRODUCE BOUGHT AND SOLD.

J. K. TWYMAN

ATTENTION, DAIRYMEN AND FARMERS!

If your pastures are not as good as they have been, supplement with "SUPREME" COW FEED.

If flow of milk is reduced it is almost impossible to get it up again.

"SUPREME" COW FEED will not only keep the quantity up but will increase quantity and improve quality.

THE ACME MILLS

DO YOUR OWN SHOPPING

"Onyx" Hosiery
 Gives the **BEST VALUE** for Your Money
 Every Kind from Cotton to Silk, For Men, Women and Children
 Any Color and Style From 25c to \$5.00 per pair
 Look for the Trade Mark! Sold by All Good Dealers.

WHOLESALE **Lord & Taylor** NEW YORK

For A Comfortable Summer Wear The

OLUS
 Coat Cut
UNION SUIT
 Only one thickness of material anywhere. Coat Cut, Closed Crotch and Back. All Fabrics, \$1.00 to \$1.00. Remember, if it isn't coatcut it isn't OLUS.
 Ask Your Dealer

GIRARD CO., Makers, 348 Broadway, N. Y.

CERULEAN SPRINGS HOTEL

Located on the I. C. R. R. between Princeton and Hopkinsville.

Clearest spot in Western Kentucky. 40-acre Park. Good Water. Good Rooms, with or without private bath.

Good Table, supplied with vegetables from our own garden. Milk from the thoroughbred Jersey cows on our farm.

Rates the cheapest. Make reservations early.

T. O. TURNER, Proprietor.

GERARD & HOOSER

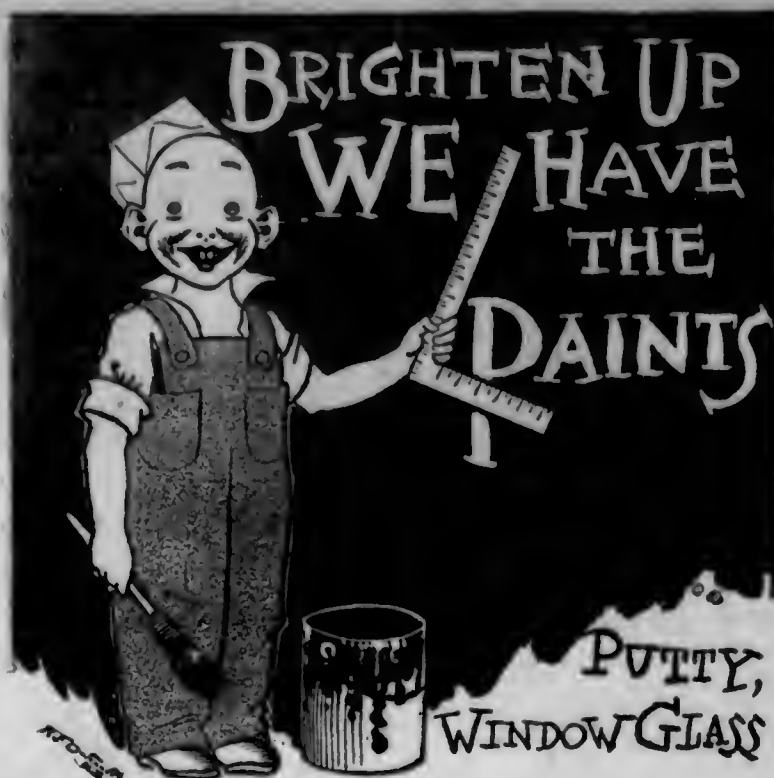
DEALERS IN

Wall Paper, Window Shades, House and Sign Painting, upholstering and finishing antique furniture. Mirrors resilvered. Your patronage solicited. 412 S. Main St., Hopkinsville, Ky. Phone 193.

Always At Your Service **The Plumber**
Hugh McShane Corner 10th & Liberty Sts.
 Phone 950.
 We carry a complete line of Gas Mantles and Shades

Job Printing at This Office.

We Carry a Full Line of Builders Hardware, the Best the Market Buy. Also a Complete Line of Carpenter Tools. Come and See Them.



It is not an expense but it is economy to buy paints and "Brighten Up" your house. Then too it makes life worth living to have a cheerful looking house to live in. Our paints hold their color and last. We shall help you select the colors that "Match" and harmonize. We sell New Era Paint. "Acme Quality."

PLANTERS HARDWARE CO.
INCORPORATED.

CIRCLE MEETING

Program For Meeting to Be Held at Lafayette Baptist Church Aug. 29 and 30, 1914.

1. Give an exposition of the last verse of Matthew's Gospel—J. F. Dixon, L. B. English.
2. "The Faith," What is it, and why contend for it?—Dr. W. S. Sandbach, H. E. Gabby.
3. What and where is the responsibility of the task of this Circle?—Holland Garnett, J. F. Griffith.
4. Why I became a Baptist?—H. W. Boxley.
5. Is a "Democratic Form of Church Government" Scriptural?—L. L. Spurlin, L. B. English.
6. Paper—Church Amusements—J. F. Griffith.
7. Sermon—H. E. Gabby.

Aviators Killed.

A Brussels dispatch says three German aeroplanes flying over Diest were brought down by the Belgian artillery. Two of the aviators were killed by being dashed to earth and the third was terribly injured.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Circus Tent Falls.

Sturgis, Ky., Aug. 14.—A score of persons were injured, five of them, it is feared, fatally, when a storm demolished a tent under which a circus was being held here.

TREE SURGERY.

F. N. Downer with his tree expert company have been in the city several weeks doing general repair work on our shade trees. Any one with maples and other trees in lawns or avenues needing attention to arrest decay, should communicate with Mr. Downer, care J. W. Downer.

Samples of the work done on the trees about town shows that Mr. Downer's methods are highly scientific and commend themselves to all interested in tree culture.

Advertisement.

Boy Dies From Fall.

At Murray, Ky., The 11-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Jim Burrett, while playing in a tree at his home in the country, fell and died from the injuries sustained in the fall a short time afterwards. The boy at the time of the fall was in the top of a high tree, lost his footing and fell. He fell head foremost, his head striking a root and crushing his skull. Medical aid was summoned, but before the doctor arrived the boy was dead.

Card of Thanks.

I wish to take this means of thanking my friends who were so kind in helping me in the Kentuckians' Automobile and Trip Contest. I shall never forget the courtesy and kindness they have shown me.

Respectfully,
Miss Katie Osteen.

Cheapest accident insurance—Dr. Thomas' Eucalytic Oil. For burns, scalds, cuts and emergencies. All druggists sell it. 25c and 50c. Advertisement.

AERIAL NAVIES OF THE TRIPLE ENTENTE AND THE TRIPLE ALLIANCE COMPARED

TRIPLE ALLIANCE.		Aircraft.
Germany—		
War dirigible airships.....	11	
Passenger dirigible airships.....	6	
Army and navy aeroplanes.....	152	
Private aeroplanes (estimated).....	200	
Austria—		
War dirigible airships.....	2	
Passenger dirigible airships.....	1	
Army and navy aeroplanes.....	46	
Private aeroplanes (estimated).....	85	
Italy—		
War dirigible airships.....	8	
Passenger dirigible airships.....	3	
Army and navy aeroplanes.....	130	
Private aeroplanes (estimated).....	100	
Grand total.....	694	
In construction January 1, 1914—Germany, five large rigid type; Italy, one nonrigid, one semirigid.		
TRIPLE ENTENTE.		Aircraft.
France—		
War dirigible airships.....	13	
Passenger dirigible airships.....	1	
Army and navy aeroplanes.....	450	
Private aeroplanes (estimated).....	1,000	
England—		
War dirigible airships.....	7	
Army and navy aeroplanes.....	208	
Private aeroplanes.....	154	
Russia—		
War dirigible airships.....	13	
Army and navy aeroplanes.....	250	
Private aeroplanes (estimated).....	150	
Grand total.....	2,246	
In construction January 1, 1914—France, seven nonrigid, two semirigid, one rigid; England, three nonrigid, two rigid; Russia, two nonrigid, two rigid.		

TWILIGHT OF KINGS GLORY OF WAR GONE

Rulers Order Prayers and Then Start Hell on Earth.

Republic Marches East in Europe and This War Probably Will Deliver the People From the Sword.

Before establishing hell on earth the pietistic kings commend their subjects to God. Seek the Lord's sanction for the devil's work, says the Chicago Tribune in an editorial captioned "The Twilight of the Kings."

"And now I commend you to God," said the kaiser from his balcony to the people in the street. "Go to church and kneel before God and pray for his help for our gallant army."

Pray that a farmer dragged from a Saxon field shall be speedier with a bayonet thrust than a winemaker taken from his vines in the Aube; that a Berlin lawyer shall be steadier with the rifle than a Moscow merchant; that a machine gun manned by Heidelberg students shall not jam and that one worked by Paris carpenters shall.

Pray that a Bavarian hop grower, armed in a quarrel in which he has no beat, shall outmatch a wheat grower from Pottava; that Cossacks from the Don shall be lured into barbed wire entanglements and caught by masked guns; that an inn-keeper of Salzburg shall blow the head off a baker from the Loire.

"Go to church and pray for help"—that the hell shall be hotter in innocent Ardennes than it is in equally innocent Heusen; that it shall be hotter in innocent Kovno than in equally innocent Posen.

And the pietistic czar commends his subjects to God that they may have strength of arm in a quarrel they do not understand; that they may inflict more sufferings than they are required to endure and the name of Romanoff be greater than the name of Hohenzollern, that it may be greater than the name of Hapsburg, that its territories shall be wider and the territories of Hohenzollern and the territories of Hapsburg less.

The pietistic emperor of Austria commends his subjects to God, to seek divine assistance to crush the peasants of Serbia, dragged from the wheat field when it was ready for the scythe and given to the scythe themselves.

This is, we think, the last call of monarchy upon Divinity when Asmodeus walks in armor. The kings worship Baal and call it God, but out of the sacrifice will come, we think, a resolution firmly taken to have no more wheat growers and growers of corn, makers of wine, miners and fishers, artisans and traders, sailors, and storekeepers offered up with prayer to the Almighty in a feudal slaughter, armed against each other without bane and without cause they know, or, if they knew, would give a penny which way it was determined.

This is the twilight of the kings. Western Europe of the people may be caught in this debacle, but never again. Eastern Europe of the kings will be remade and the name of God shall not give grace to a hundred square miles of broken bodies.

If Divinity enters here it comes with a sword to deliver the people from the sword.

It is the twilight of the kings. The republic marches east in Europe.

If Privateering Comes Again.
If privateering should come again Great Britain and France would be the nations to profit by it. British owners of merchantmen would no doubt seize the opportunity to send out fleets of privateers and make up by the fortunes of war the losses occasioned by the curtailment of ordinary commercial work.

Long-Distance Slaughter by Cold Calculation Now.

Batteries Do Not Dash Madly Into Action, Generals Do Not Lead Their Troops—No Battles Flare and Smoke.

The glory and the romance of war is dead. It has become chiefly a matter of cold calculation, a bloody business of long-distance slaughter, with no longer any opportunity for dashing personal heroism, writes Henry M. Hyde in the Chicago Tribune.

Never again can a Napoleon, looking down from a hilltop, direct the movements of his army of 30,000 men as it maneuvers under his eye on the plain below.

The modern general, directing a battle line 150 miles long—such as the Japanese had at Mukden—will never be within sight of his troops. Yama, the Japanese chief of Staff, was fifteen miles to the rear when that great battle was fought.

Never again will a courier, hearing orders from headquarters to division and corps commanders, have two horses shot under him as he dashes across the battle front. Orders go out today from headquarters over the field telephone wires, which reach every brigade commander, as he, too, sits in safety far back of the line of fire.

Never again will a battery of field guns gallop madly into action, with the gunners sitting with crossed arms on the caissons and the infantry cheering their rescuers.

Modern field guns are located out of sight over the shoulder of a hill, three miles or more away. The gunners never even get a sight of the army they are firing at. Their fire is guided by calculations carefully made by an expert mathematician, who sits down in a hole in the ground and figures trajectories and curves and makes allowances for wind pressure.

"Hold your fire until you see the whites of the enemy's eyes," is an heroic command that will never be given in a modern battle.

Modern infantry dig themselves a nice, deep ditch in the ground about two miles away from the first of the enemy's lines. To the present-day soldier the spade is almost as important as the gun.

Never in a modern battle picture will a solid column of charging men be shown rallying round their ebullient battle flag, which can be seen but dimly through clouds of black smoke.

There are no battle flags, no smoke, and no charging columns on modern battle fields. The presence of a flag on the battle line would instantly reveal its location to the enemy. Smokeless powder has taken the place of old old cloud-belching explosive, and one may look over a modern battlefield with a hundred field guns in action and not be able to locate one of them. As for solid columns of charging men—a modern infantry attack is a far different affair.

First the field guns—and nowadays a whole regiment of such guns, each of which can fire ten shrapnel shells a minute, is the recognized artillery unit—do their best to smother the enemy's artillery fire and to drown his trenches in a flood of bullets. Each shrapnel shell bursts into from 100 to 200 projectiles. Then, while this fire is at its height, the infantry gets up—a squad or two at a time—and runs, dodging and bent over, to the ditch through which flows the little stream.

Perhaps by the time the infantry is within close striking distance of the enemy its field guns may have silenced his artillery. Then it may be possible to order a charge with bayonets over the last few yards, which will finally drive the foe from his trenches.

SILKS! SILKS!

If you want to buy silks, come to my store, I will make it to your interest. Nice assortment to select from.

36 Inch Messaline Silk, Black and Colored.
36 Inch Chiffon Taffeta Silk, Black and Colored.
42 Inch Fancy Crepe Silk.
42 Inch Black and Fancy Silk Patterns.
Also nice assortment of Silks, 20 to 27 inches.

All For Cash Your business always appreciated.

T. M. JONES

MAIN STREET, HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

Purely Personal.

Mrs. W. A. Bailey and son, Fentress, have returned from a visit to Madisonville.

Mrs. F. J. Gentry is visiting her brother, Will Neely, at Chattanooga, Tenn.

Miss Mary Neville Hancock has returned from Mayfield, Ky., where she has been visiting Miss Helen Wright.

Ben Cowherd, of Gracey, is visiting relatives in the city.

Messrs L. M. Cayce and W. A. Radford left yesterday for a visit to Louisville, going in Mr. Cayce's Chalmers car.

Mr. and Mrs. Lander Meacham will return to-day from a stay at Gracey, where they have been for a month following their recovery from typhoid fever.

Miss Mary Mitchell, the cashier at the Rex Picture Show will leave to-day for Cadiz, where she will spend the week with Miss Ruth Cunningham.

Balloonist Killed.

Clarence Duncan, of Evansville, a balloonist, was killed while making an ascension at Vincennes, Ind. His cousin, nothing daunted, took his place and made a successful ascension.

Twin Mysteries.
Among the mysteries unfathomable are why a man wants to wear side whiskers and why a city wants to hold a world's fair.—St. Paul Dispatch.

The Bridegroom's Share of Expenses

In the "Home Problem" department of the September Woman's Home Companion a girl who is going to be married soon wants to know what the bridegroom's share of the wedding expenses are to be, who orders the carriage for the wedding party to drive to the church, and who selects the clergyman. The editor of the department responds as follows.

The bridegroom pays for his own carriage to ride to the church and is accompanied in it by the best man. The same carriage is used for the bride and groom when they leave the church. The groom also provides the clergyman's carriage, pays for the license and the minister's fee, which is anywhere from five dollars to fifty. The groom sometimes provides flowers for the bridesmaids and maid of honor and always sends the bride her bouquet. It is customary for him to give to his best man and the ushers presents, which usually take the form of scarf pins or cuff links. He also gives the bride as lovely a gift of jewelry as he can afford.

Regular Visiting Hours.

Mary visitors have been calling at the Stuart Memorial Hospital outside of the regular visiting hours since it opened, but hereafter the regular hours will be observed, which are from 3 to 4:30 and 7 to 8:30 p. m. No visitors will be admitted in the forenoon.

Job Printing at This Office.

CLARK'S MARKET HOUSE

Mr. Farmer and Mrs. Housekeeper

We advise you to lay in your supply of FLOUR, MEAT, LARD, SUGAR, WHITE-BEANS, CANNED GOODS, and in fact ALL STAPLE COMMODITIES. There has been a good reason for the advance in nearly all of them and you can look for higher prices. Goods bought now will pay big interest on your investment.

We are prepared to fill all orders intrusted to us at market price.

Our big store is filled full and more coming on every train.

Call us up or come to see us, we can take care of your orders.

C. R. CLARK & CO. Inc.
Wholesale and Retail Grocers.

ICED TEA AND HOT WEATHER CHASE AND SANBORN'S ORANGE PEKO

Nothing finer these hot sultry days and no other beverage as cheap and invigorating. Let us send you a Package.

See our Show Window. We give Premium Store Tickets with Cash Sales.

W. T. Cooper & Co.
Wholesale and Retail Grocers. Phones 116, 336.

Re-Building AND Expansion SALE!



Re-Building AND Expansion SALE!

Thursday, Aug. 20,
To September 2

TO RAISE \$10,000 IN TEN DAYS IS A JOB!

But in order to do this while Re-building is being done and torn out WE ARE GOING TO "TEAR IT OUT" by offering Good, Clean, Dependable Merchandise at 50 to 33 1-3 per cent. on the dollar. Lots of seasonable merchandise that have lately arrived go in this sale at the same ratio of reduction in prices. We must CLEAR THE DECKS for the workmen. THE TIME TO MAKE MONEY is when YOU CAN SAVE IT in purchases of CLOTHING, DRY GOODS, SHOES, WOMEN'S WEAR and FURNISHINGS. Read every line carefully and see the money saving prices. You know what FRANKEL'S advertise they have. Sale opens Thursday, AUGUST 20th.

MRS. WORMALD DIED SUNDAY

Sudden Death of Prominent
Lady Following A Surgical
Operation Without Avail.

Mrs. Margaret Henry Wormald died Sunday morning at 6:30 o'clock at the Jennie Stuart Memorial Hospital, following an operation the night before for intestinal obstruction. She had been ill two or three days and her condition had become critical when she was taken to the Hospital Saturday night. She survived the operation, a difficult and prolonged one, regained consciousness during the night, but suffered a fatal sinking spell soon after daylight Sunday morning and peacefully passed away.

Mrs. Wormald was a daughter of the late Col. Wm. Henry and his wife, Mrs. Fannie Bell Henry. She was a sister of the late Wm. R. Henry, a prominent lawyer of the local bar thirty years ago. She was born in Christian county in 1856 and was married in 1881 to B. A. Wormald, of Louisiana, who died in 1895 and she had lived in this city since her husband's death. Mrs. Wormald was related to many of the prominent families of the county. She was a lady of unusual culture and a wide range of information on a variety of subjects. She was a great student, a constant reader and a gifted conversationalist, bright, witty and well informed. She will be greatly missed by a wide circle of friends. Funeral services were from her late residence on South Main street and the Rev. Geo. C. Abbott, of Grace Episcopal church, of which she was a member, concluded the services at the grave in Riverside cemetery yesterday morning. The pallbearers were Dr. H. H. Wallace, C. H. Bush, J. T. Edmunds, A. W. Wood, Upshaw Woodridge and J. E. McPherson.

GERMAN CHANCELLOR

Appeals To Sympathy Of The
American People.

London, Aug. 17.—A Marconi wireless dispatch from official sources at Berlin dated Friday given an interview with the German Imperial Chancellor, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, who, representing the war as a life and death struggle between the Germans and Russians, arising from the assassination of Archduke Francis Ferdinand and his wife, declares that England avails herself of a long awaited opportunity to begin a war for the destruction of the commercially prosperous Germany.

State of Ohio, city of Toledo, Lucas County, Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY. Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, 1914.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

"It is with a heavy heart," said the Chancellor, "that we see England ranged among our opponents, notwithstanding the close ties of blood and culture between England and Germany. The former placed herself on the side of Russia, whose insatiability and barbaric insolence helped this war in order to humiliate and suppress the German race by Russian-Pan-Slavism."

"We expect that the sense of justice of the American people will enable them to comprehend our situation. We invite their opinion as to the one-sided English representations and ask them to examine our point of view in an unprejudiced way. 'The sympathy of the American nation will then lie with German culture and civilization, which is fighting against a half-Asiatic and slightly cultured barbarism.'"

In Society

In Honor of Pretty Guests.

One of the most delightful society events of the season was the Lawn Party given Wednesday evening by Miss Nora Barksdale in honor of her charming house guests Miss Anna Beauchamp Payne, of Bowling Green, and Miss Celestine Graves, of Hopkinsville.

The lawn was beautifully decorated with Japanese lanterns and rustic benches.

Miss Barksdale was assisted in receiving her guests by Misses Minnie Crouch and Mamie Carroll, Messrs Charlie Weaver and Sol Fritz.

The guest list included a large number, and every minute of the time was enjoyed.

Musical Last Night.

Mrs. George E. Gary entertained at a most enjoyable musical last night to compliment her guests, Miss Camp and Mrs. A. B. Anderson, of Nashville. Quite a number of music lovers were present. After the musical program delicious refreshments were served.

Rex Party.

Mrs. Eugene Wood was the hostess of a party Saturday night. The guests went to the Rex Picture Show, after which they returned to Mrs. Wood's home, where a delightful musical program was enjoyed. Delicious refreshments were served.

Picture Show Party.

Mrs. Berry Buckley was the hostess of a very much enjoyed picture show party at the Rex Saturday night. About twelve guests were present. After the show, refreshments were served.

Five-foot Clover.

The sample of Sweet clover seen in the Kentuckian window Saturday was raised by Mr. W. H. Gary, from April sowing. It was 5 feet from tip to tip, including the root. Red clover sowed at the same time failed to make a stand. Mr. Gary has a fine crop.

The Fayette County "drys" are resisting the order of the county judge for a "wet" election in Lexington and will appeal to the Circuit Court.

Pity, God, O Give Us Peace!

By CHARLES J. M'GUIRK.

The world's a-tremble with the tread
Of millions of her fighting men,
The bodies of the shriveled dead
Pass into common clay again.

And at their doors the women stand
With starving babes at shrunken breast,
And wail their mourning of the band
That perished in the war god's quest.

O God, Thy people cry to thee,
Who know'st all the fruits of war.
Wilt Thou not hear? Wilt thou not see?
Or is there punishment in store?

Lord God, Thy splendor shines again
Magnificent with earth's surcease;
Grant mercy on Thy children, then,
And pity, God, O give us Peace!

—Chicago Tribune.

TWO BURNED TO DEATH

Young Girl and Physician
Meet Horrible Death At
Huntingburg.

Huntingburg, Ind., Aug. 16.—While returning from the fair at Huntingburg Miss Eunice Barnett, aged 17, Evansville, and Dr. L. T. Whaley, of Winslow, were pinned beneath their machine when it turned turtle on a curve three miles outside of Huntingburg and probably burned when leaking gasoline caught fire and reduced the machine to ashes.

The blackened and twisted machine of the automobile, a few charred bones and a girl's hat trimmed with flowers were all that remained to tell of the tragedy. The accident was seen by no one, and the cause will never be known.

TWO ACCIDENTS.

Miss Elizabeth Lackey Thrown
From a Buggy and Colored
Man Hit By An Auto.

Miss Elizabeth Lackey was thrown from a buggy Saturday afternoon in front of Clark & Co's. grocery on Main Street. The street was much congested with traffic and two buggies collided. Miss Lackey was sitting in a buggy waiting for Miss Florine Rives, who had gone into the store, when another buggy driven by a colored woman named McKnight, in trying to turn backed into Miss Rives' buggy, causing the hind wheels to leave the ground. Both horses became frightened and the buggy in which Miss Lackey was sitting turned over, throwing her into the street. She managed to extricate herself from the top of the buggy as the horse ran, but South Main dragging the buggy on one side until it collided with an automobile and the horse broke loose

from the vehicle and continued to run as far as 13th Street. Miss Lackey was picked up unhurt, except that she was stunned and nervous from the excitement and scare. The colored woman jumped out of her buggy and her horse was quieted by those who ran to the scene.

A few minutes later an automobile driven by Miss Carrie Johnson, while slowly making its way through the crowded street, bumped against Anthony Torian, a colored teamster, who was crossing the street with a suitcase in his hand, and Torian was thrown to the street as the machine came to a stop. He was not injured.

KENTUCKY CROP REPORT

AUGUST 10, 1914.

The crop report as of August 1st is the most discouraging one that has been issued from this department for many seasons. The report issued last month, while dismal in many respects, had a hopeful undertone, as seasonable rains could then have saved the crops more or less. There has not been a general rain in the last month. Insufficient showers have fallen in different localities and conditions have deteriorated in practically every portion of the State. It is now too late for the rains to do early corn any good whatever. The corn that was planted after June 1st would be materially aided by a good rainfall. Tobacco will come out with anything like a good rain, and the damage has not been so serious to the tobacco crop as to the corn crop. Pastures have dried up and stock water is very scarce in many places. The lack of good drinking water has seemed to injure stock more than the lack of pasture.

Corn has dropped from a condition of 81 per cent to 65 per cent. Burley tobacco from 65 per cent to 56 per cent. Dark tobacco from a condition of 67 per cent to 62 per cent. Clover pastures are disappearing, showing a condition of 55 per cent. Bluegrass 64 per cent and Alfalfa 65. Cow peas and soy beans are resisting the drought better than any other of the forage crops. Again we would like to call attention to the

possibilities of these two legumes, and the farmer who has sowed a few acres of either of these plants in all probability will have hay for the winter, as well as improving his land. Fruits are dropping off of the trees on account of the drought conditions. The condition of apples is given at 62 per cent, pears at 66 and peaches at 75. Live stock conditions are given: Horses 92 per cent, cattle 89, hogs 83 and sheep 89 per cent. Poultry as a rule is doing well. Garden conditions are given at 51 per cent.

While rain would not do the corn crop any good, yet it would be of great help to the man who has sown late maturing forage crops. There has been but little summer plowing done on account of the ground being too much packed to break up in good condition. Farmers are urged to sow rye, barley or wheat as early as possible in order to have winter pastures. Winter or Hairy Vetch is fast becoming an important part of winter pastures. This is a leguminous plant and can be sown with rye, and will make hay early in the spring if this mixture is cut before the rye heads.

Great care should be exercised to prevent fires spreading in the field. The forests are becoming dry enough for fire to spread rapidly if once lighted. The water supply of several towns has become so low that the health authorities are warning the farmers as well as the city dweller of the danger of using water from stagnant wells or pools or from low springs. Two dry seasons in succession have rendered conditions very unpromising from an agricultural standpoint in Kentucky, and just at the time when prices are highest for live stock known in many years, the Kentucky farmer is unable to keep his farm well stocked on account of the drought conditions. He, however, will be well repaid who manages to hold on to his breeding stock under these conditions.

Very truly yours,
J. W. NEWMAN,
Commissioner of Agriculture.

American Hats in France. Marquis de Castellane, in his Paris letter to the New York American, says: "Once upon a time everything in France came from England; not only our clothes, but also our soiled linen, which was sent across the channel to be washed and then returned to Paris with an immaculate whiteness. In other words, Paris was in the hands of the English and they decided what clothes should be worn and imposed that decision upon Europe. In due course came the silk hat and, willy-nilly, Parisians were obliged to adopt this awful form of headgear. America, by inventing more practical head coverings, has, to a certain extent, liberated the world from these hideous 'stovepipes,' which England was pleased to impose upon us, and we are profoundly grateful to the United States for this blessing."

Daily Thought.
However mean your life is meet it and live it; do not shun it and call it hard names.—Thoreau.

TOBACCO IS QUIET

Little is Doing In The Local
Weed Market This
Month.

On account of the European war, the tobacco men of Hopkinsville have not been doing much business during the past few weeks. The only foreign buyers who have not received orders to suspend operations, are the Italian regie and the purchases which have been made by them lately have all been small ones. The reason the regie buyers are able to make purchases during the present crisis is owing to the number of large store houses owned by them in which they have ample storage room to keep all the tobacco they purchase until it is safe to ship it to Italy.

During the past week the only sales that have been made here were six hogsheds that were bought from the Planter's Protective Association by Tandy & Fairleigh of the Italian regie.

The report of Inspector Abernathy for the past week shows 1361 hogsheds that have not been sold, which is light for this season. The sales aggregate for the year 1,015 hogsheds on the independent market. This does not include sales made by the Planter's Association. The receipts up to now amount to 467 hogsheds.

Since the last rains the growing crops are looking good and though the crop will not be half as large as usual the quality of the weed looks promising.

The local dealers are not worrying much over the outlook, but they believe a means will be found by which it can be marketed in Europe by the time the new crop comes in.

Jail Delivery.

Fourteen prisoners, 7 white and 7 colored, broke jail at Madisonville Friday night.

Two of the prisoners were Wallace Woolfork and Otho Armstrong, both white and ex-convicts. Woolfork is wanted in three states and a reward of \$50 has been offered for his capture.

Outside assistance was rendered, "Bama" Johnson, a murderer who escaped spent one night in Ealington and voluntarily returned the next morning.

German Aeroplanes.

The Germans pursue regular tactics with their aeroplanes. Six leave Cologne daily. Three go to reconnoiter points of contact with the Belgians in the field. The other three make a methodical circling journey over the chief towns and the rear of the troops. They are regular and almost can be timed.

PERCY SMITHSON

Livery and Board Stable

HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

EVERYTHING UP-TO-DATE.

Phone 32. Virginia Street. Between 7th and 8th.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

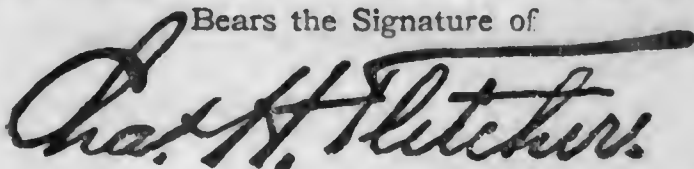
The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of



In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

ADWELL BROS.

TIN WORK OF ALL KINDS

Roofing, Guttering and Repairing.
Plant Bed Steam Boxes.
Country Work a Speciality.

HOPKINSVILLE, KENTUCKY.

Rear P. O. Building.

SUMMER TOURS

At Special Rates Via

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD

To CALIFORNIA, OREGON, NEW YORK and many other points in the NORTH and EAST. For full Particulars see your Local Agent or write F. W. HARLOW, D. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

KENTUCKY STATE FAIR

SEPT. 14th to 19th, 1914

\$3,000 SADDLE HORSE STAKE

\$1,000 Light Harness Stake

\$1,000 Roadster Stake

Student's Judging Contest

Farmer Boys' Encampment

TROTTERING AND PACING RACES EACH DAY

Fine Exhibits of Horses, Cattle, Swine, Sheep, Poultry, Field
Seed and Grain, Horticulture and Woman's Handiwork

CLEAN MIDWAY AND FREE ATTRACTIONS

GRAND
FIREWORKS
DISPLAY

"BATTLE OF MEXICO"

Reduced Railroad Rates

For Catalogue and Entry Blank Address

J. L. DENT, Secretary,

705 Paul Jones Building,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

"HONEST GOODS AT HONEST PRICES."

FOR RELIABLE WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

You must go to a Reliable, Competent and Experienced Dealer. We make a specialty of Fine and Reliable time-pieces for all purposes. Quality Guaranteed Best, prices lowest.

JAS. H. SKARRY.

The Peoples' Jeweler and Optician, Watch Inspector L. & N. R. R.
If You Buy It From Skarry It's Good.

THE MARSEILLAISE

To sons of freedom, wake to glory!
Hark! hark! what myriads bid you
rise!
Four children, wives and grandstres
hoary,
Behold their tears and hear their
cries.
Shall hateful tyrants, mischief breed-
ing,
With hireling hosts, a ruffian hand,
Affright and desolate the land,
While pence and liberty lie bleeding?
To arms! to arms, ye brave!
The avenging sword unsheathes;
March on! march on! all hearts re-
solved
On victory or death.

Now, now the dangerous storm is roll-
ing,
Which treacherous kings, confeder-
ate, raise;
The dogs of war, let loose, are howl-
ing,
And lo! our fields and cities blaze;
And shall we basely view the ruin,
While lawless force, with guilty
stride,
Spreads desolation far and wide,
With crimes and blood his hands im-
buing?

With luxury and pride surrounded,
The vile, insatiate despots dare,
Their thirst of power and gold un-
bounded,
To meet and vend the light and air;
Like beasts of burden would they load
us,
Like gods would bid their slaves
adore:
But man is man, and who is more?
Then, shall they longer lash and goad
us?

O Liberty! can man resign thee,
Once having felt thy generous flame!
Can dungeons, bolts or bars confine
thee?
Or whips thy noble spirit tame?
Too long the world has wept, bewail-
ing
That falsehood's dagger tyrants
wield,
But freedom is our sword and
shield,
And all their arts are unavailing.
To arms! to arms, ye brave!
The avenging sword unsheathes;
March on! march on! all hearts re-
solved
On victory or death.

ABOUT CZAR'S ARMY

Military Service in Russia Is Uni-
versal and Compulsory.

Field Force of Empire in Europe Com-
prises Twenty-Seven Corps, With
1,038 Battalions, 642 Squad-
rons and 497 Batteries.

Russia has an extensive frontier
both by sea and land, protected by nu-
merous fortifications of various
classes. On the west Poland is defend-
ed by a system of four strongholds,
sometimes called the Polish quadrilat-
eral. The more important fortresses
and forts include Warsaw, Kronstadt,
Sveaborg, Libau and Vladivostok.

Military service in Russia is uni-
versal and compulsory. Service be-
gins at the age of twenty and extends
to the completion of the forty-third
year. Owing to the extent of the em-
pire, there are three armies, known as
the army of European Russia, the army
of the Caucasus and the Asiatic army.
These armies are practically distinct
and the terms of service in each are
slightly different.

Speaking generally, service in the
first line or active army is for three
years in the infantry, field and foot, ar-
tillery, and for four years in the other
arms. The soldier is then transferred
to the reserves (zapras). Having com-
pleted eighteen years in the first line
and its reserves, the soldier passes
to the "opolechenie" to serve five years.
The Cossacks, occupying the south-
western portion of European Russia,
hold their lands by military tenure and
are liable to service for life. The Cos-
sacks proper troops are almost en-
tirely mounted.

A Russian division consists of two
brigades of two regiments. To each
is attached an artillery brigade, an en-
gineer battalion and two or three
squadrons of Cossacks. The normal
army corps has two divisions, a how-
itzer division and sometimes a cav-
alry division. The fighting strength
of an army corps is 36,000 men with-
out cavalry, or 40,000 with cavalry.

The field army of European Russia
consists of twenty-seven army corps.
All told, the army of Russia in Europe
comprises 1,038 battalions, 642 squad-
rons, and 497 batteries. In 1913 Rus-
sia had only one dragoon.

The field army in the Caucasus
consists of three army corps and four
cavalry divisions.

In the Asiatic army there are five
brigades, which mobilize as the First
and Second Turkestan army corps.
Each has a Turkestan artillery bri-
gade. The largest part of the Asiatic
army is in East Siberia. Since the
Russo-Japanese war the East Siberian
forces have been increased. They
would mobilize as five Siberian army
corps instead of three, as formerly.

The peace strength of the armies of
Russia is over 1,200,000 of all ranks.
The Asiatic army would mobilize
about 300,000 men. The grand total
of Russian armies, therefore, is about
1,550,000 men. The Russian infantry
is armed with the "three-lino" rifle,
model 1891.

The most important Russian fleet is
in the Baltic, with base at Kronstadt.
A naval port on the Arctic coast in
Russian Lapland is being constructed.

SLAVS THINK KAISER INSANE

What Rational Monarch, Asks News-
paper, Would Believe He Can Whip
the Rest of the World?

As the momentous events of the
world unfold the conviction grows in
the minds of men that Kaiser Wilhelm
is insane, obsessed with a war mania,
says the Narodni Glas, a Slav News-
paper printed in Chicago. What rat-
ional monarch who knows the laws
of preponderance would believe he
can whip the rest of the world? Yet
this military madman attacks Russia,
France, Belgium and Holland, and de-
fies Great Britain, inviting reprisals
from nearly all the rest of the world.
Mankind is slowly and stupidly
learning the awful error of trusting
men with the power of life and death
over millions of his fellows. Let us
pray God that this warful price be the
last of a too-full measure paid for the
folly, and that the end of its carnage
see the end of kings on earth.

DARK DAYS OF 1870

Franco-Prussian War One of
Swiftest in History.

How the Germans Overwhelmed the
French Armies and Captured Paris
After Long Siege and Des-
perate Defense.

For 45 years the guiding principle
of French statesmanship has been em-
bodied in the maxim that Germany's
extremity would be France's opportu-
nity. How that hour came? Events
seem to show that France believes it has.

The German empire and the French
republic were born together in the
smoke and flame of the terrible battle
of Sedan. There the French empire
went down with the fortunes of the
last Napoleon, and there the mighty
Bismarck laid the steps of the Kaiser's
throne.

The Franco-Prussian war of 1870 was
one of the most swift and terrible in
history. By rapid and simultaneous
movements the Prussians crumpled
the two wings of the French army
mobilized on the Alsatian frontier, de-
feating them in the sanguinary battles
of Wissemburg, Worth and Spichern.
Marshal McMahon and Marshal Baz-
aine, commanding the two French
armies, attempted to form a junction
and retreat to the Moselle, but Prince
Frederick Charles, commanding the
Prussian advance, defeated the ex-
ecution of the plan and drove Bazaine
back upon Gravelotte where, on Au-
gust 18, 1870, took place the decisive
battle of that name, the second only
of importance in the war. The Prus-
sians had 200,000 men and the French
130,000. In nine hours of carnage in
which the Germans lost 20,000 men
and the French 13,000, Bazaine was
utterly routed and forced back upon
Metz, where he was quickly sur-
rounded and bottled up by the victori-
ous Prussians.

With Bazaine shut up within his for-
tifications and McMahon held in check
four German armies converged swiftly
upon Paris. Napoleon III, who had re-
mained in his capital confidently ex-
pecting the news that his marshals
had invested Berlin, hurriedly appoint-
ed as regent the Empress Eugenie
(the same who now, an aged woman,
is living out her sorrowful years in
English exile), raised a fresh army
and set out to relieve Bazaine. Joining
McMahon the emperor met the ad-
vancing Prussian hosts at Sedan,
where on September 2, only 44 days
after the declaration of war, was fought
the Waterloo of the second
French empire. The emperor was over-
whelmingly defeated and personally
surrendered with his entire army of
83,000 men.

Two days after the disaster at Se-
dan the republic was proclaimed, and
on September 19 the Prussians had in-
vested Paris and the siege began. The
history of that siege is a separate
phase of the war. To it belong the
terrible scenes of the Commune, the
escape of Gambetta from the capital
in a balloon and his attempt to raise
a relieving force, and the desperate
bombardments and sorties of the in-
vesting and beleaguered forces that
make one of the darkest pictures in
modern war. Before Paris capitulated
in January, 1871, Bazaine had sur-
rendered Metz with 175,000 men;
Strassburg fell and the scattered
armies were everywhere overwhelmed
or driven to flight.

FOOD PLENTIFUL IN PARIS.

Paris.—Food remains plentiful in
Paris and prices have increased only
slightly since the outbreak of war.
Meat and vegetables are the principal
commodities affected, as retailers find
difficulty in bringing them from the
central depots.

In the great central markets there
are large quantities of vegetables, and
pushcart dealers reap a rich harvest
as they have the advantage over store-
keepers, whose vehicles had been taken
by the military.

Fruit and poultry sold at less than
the usual price, while butter was
abundant, but the price had increased,
as the public, fearing a shortage, had
begun buying quantities of twenty
pounds.

THEY ALL DEMAND IT

Hopkinsville, Like Every City
And Town In the Union,
Receive It.

People with kidney ills want to be
cured. When one suffers the tor-
tures of an aching back, relief is ear-
gently sought for. There are many
remedies to-day that relieve, but not
permanently. Doan's Kidney Pills
have brought lasting results to thou-
sands. Here is proof of merit from
this vicinity.

Clifton Hammond, farmer, Cadiz,
Ky., says: "I had pains in the small
of my back, did not get a good
night's rest and was lame in the
morning. I tired easily, felt lan-
guid and nervous and had headaches
and dizzy spells. The kidney secre-
tions also bothered me by passing too
frequently. After using Doan's Kid-
ney Pills for these troubles, I was re-
stored to good health and felt like a
different person. You may continue
using my former endorse of Doan's
Kidney Pills."

Price 50c. at all dealers. Don't sim-
ply ask for a kidney remedy—get
Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that
Mr. Hammond had. Foster-Milburn
Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.
Advertisement.

TEACHING GIRLS

TO HANDLE BABIES

Five hundred girls in their early
teens, pupils in the eight grade of
the Cleveland High Schools, began a
practical study of infant hygiene
with real live babies to experiment
upon. Initiation of the course took
place at the Sterling School, where
Edward Parsch, eight-month-old son
of Mason Parsch, a machinist, was
stripped and given a perfect hy-
gienic bath before an interested class
of girls in short dresses.

"I believe this is an epoch-making
innovation in public school instruc-
tion," said Mrs. Ada B. Williams,
City Supervisor of Domestic Science
in examination, who is sponsor for
the course.

At the Sterling school Miss Flor-
ence Griz, 14, who had obtained Mes-
on Parsch for the experiment, un-
dressed the baby. After the Instruc-
tor had washed his eyes, nose and
ears, other pupils bathed his body.
Then Lorna Booth, 14, dried and
powdered him and put him to bed.
He demonstrated the value of infant
hygiene by going to sleep at once.

Fills Without Viaducts.

The claim has often been made
that the flood conditions with which
Hopkinsville has had to contend at
times of recent years, greater than
ever before, were not wholly due to
the drainage of ponds as new addi-
tions have been opened, but to the
obstructions of the river channel be-
low the city by the I. C. Railroad's
three bridges. The following arti-
cle taken from the Courier-Journal
bears directly upon this question and
is worthy of serious consideration:

Clogging the Rivers.

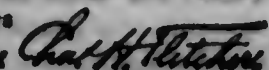
"Army engineers who have been
making observations in the flood dis-
tricts in Ohio are of the opinion that
one cause of the recent disasters is
the clogging of the rivers with bridges
and the encroachment of cities on
the river channels. Commenting on
this the Columbus Dispatch says:

"Bridges have been built with a
view to economy of approach and
sometimes with more attention to
beauty than safety. A long fill at
either end makes a shorter bridge,
and piers with arched spaces have
their element of beauty. But of
what account are the saving and the
beauty, if all is to be swept away in
the first flood? The stream that
looks so insignificant during the
building operation may at any time
rise in mighty protest and demon-
strate the superior power of nature's
forces. That is what happened all
along the streams swollen by the
March rains. The theft of land
from the river channel is another
form of the same folly. Land thus
got seems valuable, but it is really
valuable only as it is safe, and en-
gineering science has as yet failed to
find safety for the man who builds
his house in the path of a stream."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears
the
Signature of 

PRIMARY RACE COST

STANLEY \$4,040.72

Burton Vance Spent \$201.17

---Two Other Candidates
File Statements.

Washington, Aug. 12.—Final re-
ports under Federal Con-
 Practices Law were filed with
Secretary of the Senate by A. O.
Stanley, R. P. Ernst, Gen. Bennett
H. Young and Burton Vance, of
Kentucky, all of whom were
candidates for Senatorial nomi-
nations at the primary on August 1.

Representative Stanley's candidacy
cost him, all told, \$4,040.72 of which
\$1,155.65 was reported before the
primary and \$2,885.07 in his post-
primary report. Among the items
of expenditure contained in the re-
port filed today were: Seelbach
Hotel Company, \$1,200.57; main-
headquarters at Frankfort, \$165;
American Press Association, \$103;
Western Newspaper Union, \$185;
R. L. White, \$600; T. M. Pythian,
\$600; Standard Publishing Company,
\$20; Winchester Democrat, \$11.50.
Stanley states under oath that he re-
ceived no contributions.

Gen. Bennett H. Young, who made
a losing race for the short-term
Democratic nomination, says he
spent \$927.10 all told and received
no contributions. He enumerates
\$2 each to sixty-eight newspapers
for publishing advertisements of his
candidacy, \$3 to the Kentucky Irish-
American and \$64 for clerical serv-
ices.

Burton Vance, in his race for the
Progressive nomination, spent just
seventeen cents more than he re-
ceived. The contributions to his
candidacy amounted to \$201, and his
expenditures were \$201.17.

Richard P. Ernst, of Covington,
made a vigorous, tho losing race for
the long-term Republican nomi-
nation, spent altogether \$2,343.43.
He paid J. L. McCoy \$200 and W. A.
Gaines \$100 for services. He paid
the Indianapolis Freeman, a negro
paper, \$3. "No money or anything
of value was received by me or by
anyone for me with my knowledge
or consent, from any source," he
states.

ANOTHER CURED

By LIV-VER-LAX

The City Commissioner of Terrell,
Texas, a former Greenville citizen,
writes:

April 9, 1914.

"I take pleasure in saying for pub-
lication that by the use of Liv-Ver-
Lax I have been cured of a disease
which is correctly described by the
recognized symptoms of Biliousness,
Stomach and Liver Trouble, Consti-
pation and resulting complications,
and commend its use to all like suf-
ferers."

George H. Jackson,
L. E. Griffith, Witness.

Mr. Jackson, like hundreds of oth-
ers, has discovered the beneficial re-
sults of Liv-Ver-Lax, the wonderful
vegetable Liver Tonic. Harmless,
safe for any child; has no injurious
after-effects like calomel. Pleasant
to take; no nausea.

Take regularly and keep well, 50c
and \$1 at druggists or from Lebanon
Co-operative Medicine Company,
Lebanon, Tenn.

For sale by L. L. Elgin and Ander-
son-Fowler Drug Co.
Advertisement.

"UNLUCKIEST BOY" HAS

LIVELY FOUR YEARS.

Monongahela, Pa., Aug. 14.—The
unluckiest boy for his years on
record is little Riley Walters' the
four-year-old son of Robert
Walters. Few of the useful bones in
the lad's body but what have been
fractured or crushed. When Riley
was one year old he fell and broke
his right leg in two places. Hardly
had he passed the second mile-stone
before he fell and broke the left leg
in two places, and with it his right
arm. One day Riley playfully
twisted the tail of a neighbor's horse.
Later the doctor fixed up a couple
of cracks in his jawbone. Six months
later Riley fell over the terrace and
broke his left arm and a couple of
ribs. Last Sunday he rolled over,
turned right side up with his right
arm broken at the elbow and his
shoulder blade cracked a couple of
times.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

It Always Pays to Advertise

Dr. R. F. McDaniel.
Practitioner in Diseases of
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.

J. B. Allensworth,
Attorney-at-Law,
Office: Bohn Building, Up Stairs,
Front Court House.
MYRE, same office. Collec-
tions specialty.

JOHN C. DUFFY
Attorney-at-Law
New Location Over
M. D. Kelly's Jewelry Store
Phone 331. Hopkinsville, Ky.

DR. G. P. ISBELL
Veterinary Physician & Surgeon
Office and Hospital Cor. 7th and Rail-
road.
Both Phones

Hotel Latham
Barber Shop
Fine Bath Rooms. Four
First Class Artists.

FRANK BOYD. PROPR.

Dr. M. W. Rozzell
Specialist in Treatment of
Trachoma, (Granular Lids) and
all diseases
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Spectacles—Eye Glasses
Office Phoenix Building Cor. 9th
and Main. Hopkinsville, Ky.
Office Phone 645-1.

**START THE
NEW YEAR
RIGHT**
And buy your Drugs
—AT—

COOK'S
Drug Store
Tel. No. 7. Cor. 9th & Main

**10 AND 15c
PER COPY
ALL THE LATE
Rag Songs, Etc.**
—AT—

Blythe's
DRUG STORE.
COR. 9TH and CLAY

SPECIAL TO WOMEN
The most economical, cleansing and
germicide of all antiseptics is

Paxtine
A soluble Antiseptic Powder to
be dissolved in water as needed.
As a medicinal antiseptic for douches
in treating catarrh, inflammation or
ulceration of nose, throat, and that
caused by feminine ills it has no equal.
For ten years the Lydia E. Pinkham
Medicine Co. has recommended Paxtine
in their private correspondence with
women, which proves its superiority.
Women who have been cured say
it is "worth its weight in gold." At
druggists. 50c. large box, or by mail.
The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

PATENTS
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &c.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may
quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an
invention is probably patentable. Communi-
cations strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents
sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.
Patents taken through Smith & Co. receive
special notice, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest cir-
culation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a
year in advance. \$1.00 per copy. Sold by all news-
dealers.
MUNN & Co. 364 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 1115 F St., Washington, D. C.

RULES OF WAR

Game As Adopted At The Hague.

The "Rules of War" as adopted at
The Hague prohibit absolutely the
following acts:

To employ poison or poisoned arms.
To kill or wound treacherously in-
dividuals belonging to the hostile na-
tion or army.

To kill or wound an enemy who,
having laid down arms, or having no
longer means of defense, has surren-
dered at discretion.

To declare that no quarter will be
given.

To employ arms, projectiles or ma-
terial of a nature to cause superfluous
injury.

To make improper use of a flag of
truce, the national flag or military
ensigns and the enemy's uniform, as
well as the distinctive badges of the
Geneva (Red Cross) convention.

To destroy or seize the enemy's
property, unless such destruction or
seizure be imperatively demanded by
the necessities of war.

To attack or bombard towns, villag-
es, habitations or buildings which
are not defended.

To pillage a town or place, even
when taken by assault.

To punish a spy, without trial even
if taken in the act; and a spy who,
after rejoining the army to which he
belongs, is subsequently captured by
the enemy must be treated as a pris-
oner of war and incur no responsibil-
ity for his previous acts of espionage.

To compel the population of occu-
pied territory to take part in military
operations against its own country.
To bring pressure upon the popula-
tion of occupied territory to make
the oath to the hostile power.

To confiscate private property.

All these specific prohibitions are
based on the declaration that "the
right of belligerents to adopt means
of injuring the enemy is not unlim-
ited." Special provisions are made to
compel the humane treatment of pris-
oners. It is also provided that ad-
vance warning must be given, where-
ever possible, to the peaceful inhabi-
tants of a town before bombardment
is begun. In seizures and bombard-
ment it is also commanded that "all
necessary steps should be taken to
spare as far as possible edifices de-
voted to religions, art, science and
charity, hospitals and places where
the sick and wounded are collected,
provided they are not used at the
same time for military purposes." It
is further stipulated that "family
honors and rights, individual lives
and private property, as well as re-
ligious convictions and liberty must
be respected."

A TEXAS WONDER.

The Texas Wonder cures kidney
and bladder troubles, dissolves
gravel, cures diabetes, weak and
lame backs, rheumatism, and all
irregularities of the kidneys and
bladder in both men and women.
Regulates bladder troubles in chil-
dren. If not sold by your druggist,
will be sent by mail on receipt of
\$1.00. One small bottle is two
months' treatment, and seldom fails
to perfect a cure. Send for testi-
monials from this and other states,
Dr. E. W. Hall, 2926 Olive Street,
St. Louis, Mo. Send by druggists.
Advertisement.

Garnets By The Ton.

Garnets are generally classed as
precious stones, and a fine gem gar-
net may be worth from \$5 to \$25 a
carat, according to variety and size,
but it is not necessarily true that the
owner of a garnet mine is a million-
aire because his mine produces gar-
nets by the ton. In fact, the bulk of
the garnets produced are measured
by the ton, but those of inferior
quality are used for abrasive pur-
poses. In 1912 the production of
abrasive garnets, according to the
United States Geological Survey,
amounted to 4,182 short tons, valued
at \$137,800, so that the average price
for a ton of garnets was not quite
\$33, or considerably less than double
the price of a ton hay.

The production of garnets in 1912
showed an increase of 106 tons in
quantity and \$16,052 in value com-
pared with 1911. The three garnet-
producing States are New York, New
Hampshire, and North Carolina.

A lazy liver leads to chronic dys-
pepsia and constipation, weakens
the whole system. Doan's Regulents
(25c per box) act mildly on the liver
and bowels. At all drug stores.
Advertisement.

Are You a Woman?

Baltimore, Md.—Mrs. W. H. Ison,
at 1419 East Madison street, writes:
"For several years, I suffered, off
and on, from female troubles,
until I finally was a taken down and
could do nothing. The pains I experi-
enced, I shall never forget. I lost
weight till I was only skin and
bones I believe I would have been in
my grave, if I had not tried Cardui.
I shall praise it as long as I live."
Many women, like Mrs. Ison, are
weak and discouraged, on account
of some painful ailment. Are you one
of these sufferers? Cardui will help
you. Try it today. Any druggist.

Hopkinsville Market Quotations.

Corrected June 4, 1914.

RETAIL GROCERY PRICES.
Country lard, good color and clean
14c and 15c per pound.

Country bacon, 17c per pound.
Black-eyed peas, \$3.50 per bushel
Country shoulders, 12c pound.

County hams 21c per pound.

Irish potatoes, \$1.30 per bushel.
Northern eating Rural potatoes

\$1.30 per bushel

Texas eating onions, \$2.50 per
bushel, newstock

Dried Navy beans, \$3.00 per
bushel

Cabbage, new, 3 cents a pound.

Dried Lima beans, 60c per gallon.

Country dried apples, 10c per
pound, 3 for 25c

Daisy cream cheese, 25c per
pound

Full cream brick cheese, 25c per
pound

Full cream Limberger cheese, 25c
per pound

Popcorn, dried on ear, 2c per pound

Fresh Eggs 25c per doz

Choice lots fresh, well-worked
country butter, in pound prints, 30c

FRUITS.

Lemons, 25c per dozen

Navel Oranges 20c to 40c per doz.

Bananas, 15c and 25c doz

Cash Price Paid For Produce.

POULTRY.

Dressed hens, 15c per pound

Dressed cocks, 7c per pound

live hens, 12c per pound; live cocks
3c pound; live turkeys, 14c pe
pound

ROOTS, HIDES, WOOL AND TALLOW.

Prices paid by wholesale dealers to
butchers and farmers:

Roots—Southern ginseng, \$5.75 lb

"Golden Seal" yellow root, \$1.35 lb

Mayapple, 3c; pink root, 12c and 13c

Tallow—No. 1, 4c; No. 2, 4c.

Wool—Burry, 10c to 17c; Clear

Grease, 21c. medium, tub washec
23c to 30c; coarse, dingy, tub washec
18c.

Feathers—Prime white goose, 50c

dark and mixed old goose, 16c to 30c

gray mixed, 16c to 30c; white duck
22c to 35c, new.

Hides and Skins—These quotations
are for Kentucky hides. Southern
green hides 8c. We quote assortec
lots dry flint, 12c to 14c. 9-10 bet
ter demand

Dressed geese, 11c per pound for
choice lots, live 5c

Fresh country eggs, 18 cents per
dozen

Fresh country butter 25c lb.

A good demand exists for spring
chickens, and choice lots of fresh
country butter.

HAY AND GRAIN.

No. 1 timothy hay, \$22.90

No. 1 clover hay, \$20.00

Clean, bright straw hay, 25c bale

Alfalfa hay, \$21.00

White seed oats, 54c

Black seed oats, 55c

Mixed seed oats, 65c

No. 2 white corn, 90c

Winter wheat bran, \$28.00

We are prepared to do all kinds of
high grade job printing. Try us.

PENNYROYAL BUILDING
Is now nearing completion,
and parties desiring com-
modious and convenient
quarters for housekeeping,
can apply to A. D. Noe, M.
C. Forbes or T. W. Blakey.
Apartments with night
and day Elevator Service, hot
and cold water, hall and jan-
itor service. Roof garden
free to occupants of building.
Thoroughly modern in every
particular. Desirable neigh-
borhood and close to busi-
ness.

THE WATCH ON THE RHINE

A voice resounds like thunder peal,
Mid clashing waves and clang of steel:
"The Rhine, the Rhine, the German
Rhine!
Who guards today my stream divine?"

CHORUS.

Dear fatherland, no danger thine;
Firm stand thy sons to watch the
Rhine!

They stand a hundred thousand strong,
Quick to avenge their country's wrong;
With flint love their bosoms swell,
They'll guard the sacred landmark
well!

The dead of a heroic race
From heaven look down and meet
their gaze,
They swear with dauntless heart, "O
Rhine,
Be German as this breast of mine!"

"While flows one drop of German
blood,
Or sword remains to guard thy flood,
While rifle rests in patriot hand—
No foe shall tread thy sacred strand!"

"Our oath resounds, the river flows,
In golden light our banner glows;
Our hearts will guard thy stream di-
vine:
The Rhine, the Rhine, the German
Rhine!"

NAVIES COME FIRST

Mahan Predicts Decisive Strokes
Will Be Dealt at Sea.

American Rear Admiral Thinks Euro-
pean War Will Teach Many Les-
sons About Naval Fight-
ing and Armament.

"The most decisive stroke in the
general European warfare will be
dealt, in my belief, upon the sea,
rather than upon the land, declared
Rear Admiral Mahan, retired, in an
interview at his home near Quaque,
L. I.

"I look for an all around naval con-
flict which should teach many things
about sea fighting craft, about guns
and about armament.

"What will happen," he was asked,
"when dreadnaught meets dread-
naught, when the tremendously pow-
erful modern super-battleships, with
their 14-inch guns and their thousand
or more men to the ship, get together?
Will the problem of their worth, their
effectiveness, be settled?"

"The problem of the A-B-G (all big
guns) ship is a highly interesting one,"
Admiral Mahan replied, "and we may
learn through this war of its worth.
But the lesson will not be shown in
any ship-to-ship fight. Dreadnaught
against dreadnaught will be no differ-
ent than one old frigate against another
old frigate in the days gone by.

"The really interesting and instruc-
tive combat would be between, say, a
dozen dreadnaughts and a dozen and a
half smaller battleship size. We might
then see whether or not the 12 and
14-inch gun is of so great importance
as has lately been asserted.

"I cannot say that I agree with
the idea of the A-B-G ships. England,
of course, originated the dreadnaught,
and cackled like a chicken that had
laid an egg, and got every one else
building A-B-G's. But I think all the
navies are coming around to what we
called the mixed battery ship, and
that is as it should be.

"The original dreadnaught idea was
a ship with all big guns of 12 or 14-
inch caliber and a few small guns, say
three or four-inch caliber, for use
against torpedo boats. But the size
of the lesser battery has been creep-
ing up year by year, until our newest
ships have six-inch guns with the 14's,
and I understand some vessels have
eight-inch guns, which are pretty size-
able weapons for any use.

"I believe this war will show that
a well distributed fire by the medium-
sized guns will do much more damage
than the slower single shots of the
big fellows.

"The submarine question and the
airship question—neither ever tested
out thoroughly—will doubtless receive
considerable elucidation in the con-
flicts to come."

The admiral declined to comment
upon the comparative fighting ability
or gunnery of the nations involved or
to be involved. Nor would he ad-
vance any theories as to the damage
likely to be inflicted upon the ex-
tremely large fighting craft by sub-
marines or by air craft.

Some of the Chief Places Mentioned in Dispatches.

Memel—Northernmost city in Ger-
many; in East Prussia, at mouth of
Dange, on Baltic; 30,000 population;
taken by Russia in 1857 and 1812;
Russian attack repulsed.

Tourmal—Historic Belgian city on
the Schelde, about twenty miles from
French frontier and fifty miles west
of Namur; French are reported to
have joined Belgians here.

Namur—Belgian city at junction of
Sambre and Meuse; contains citadel
strongly fortified; is now besieged by
Germans; about thirty miles south-
west of Liege.

Liege—Belgian city at junction of
Meuse and Ourthe; population 160,
000; strongly fortified; famous for
manufacture of firearms. Germans
captured this city.

Lemberg—Capital of Galicia, prov-
ince of Austria, on the Peltew river;
military station; Russian aviator re-
ported killed here.

Tilburg—A town in Holland, 36
miles southeast of Rotterdam and 30
miles from German frontier. Report
says German troops were in neigh-
borhood recently.

Villers la Montagne—French town
five miles from frontier, near Longwy,
on left wing of French army. Raid of
German cavalry squadron said to
have been repulsed here.

Muelhausen—Town in Alsace-Lor-
raine, 10 miles southwest of Stras-
burg on the railway to Basel. It is a
center of the cotton industry. Report-
ed captured by the French.

CIRCLE THE GLOBE

Colonies of the Warring Powers
Are Very Extensive.

England Comes First With Her Wide-
spread Empire—Germany and
France Also Have Vast
Possessions.

Four of the powers of Europe which
today are engaged in warfare have
colonial possessions, protectorates
and dependencies scattered all over
the world.

Austria-Hungary and Russia have
no colonial possessions, though the
Russian empire stretches through the
continents of Europe and Asia and
presents a long coast line on the
northern Pacific.

Of the others, Great Britain has col-
onies and protectorates the world over.
France has colonies and protector-
ates in Africa, India, China, in South
America, in the West Indies, in the
North Atlantic, and in the Pacific
and Indian oceans. Germany has col-
onial possessions in Africa, in China,
and in the Pacific ocean. Italy has
dependencies in Africa, and a conces-
sion in China.

England's vast empires, India, Can-
ada and Australia; her colonies to
Africa and her fortified positions in
the Mediterranean, Gibraltar and
Malta, put her at the head of the col-
ony holding nations of the world;
they also increase the field of her
protective operations since becoming
involved in war with Austria-Hungary
and Germany.

Many of the minor holdings of the
four powers with colonial possessions
to defend are themselves without mil-
itary strength. In many cases the pro-
tecting power has only very small gar-
risons on shore, amounting to noth-
ing more than local police forces. This
is particularly true in Africa, outside
of the French and British colonies, in
the Pacific ocean and in American wa-
ters.

The continent of Africa presents a
notable picture of the juxtaposition of
protectorates and colonies belonging
to Great Britain, France and Germany.
France has a protectorate over
Morocco, and her Algerian posses-
sions, facing the Mediterranean, are
bounded on the east by Tripoli, a de-
pendency of Italy. Then comes Egypt,
where British interests are paramount.

On the Red sea and contiguous to
Egypt is the Italian dependency of
Eritrea. Coming down the east coast
are British Somaliland, Italian Somal-
land, British East Africa, German East
Africa, Portuguese East Africa and
then British South Africa, embracing
Rhodesia, the Transvaal, the Orange
River colony, Natal and the Cape of
Good Hope.

On the west, contiguous in the order
named, are German Southwest Africa,
Portuguese West Africa, the Congo
State, belonging to Belgium; the
French Congo; Kamerun, belonging to
Germany; the Niger territories, a pro-
tectorate of Great Britain; French
West Africa; Togoland, belonging to
Germany; the Gold Coast, the British
colony, and the Ivory Coast, annexed
by France 20 years ago.

SEE HOPE FOR A REPUBLIC

Hungarians, Says One of Their Papers
In America, Think War May
Help Their Country.

Out of this great war, as compensa-
tion for its horrors, who knows but
that there may be realized the dream
of Hungary—a republic like the
United States, says the Elore, a Hun-
garian paper published in Chicago.

When we lift aside the curtains of
the future we see—what? Perhaps a
victory over German arms and a di-
vision of our own empire. Shall Hun-
gary ho then a Slav province, a duchy
of the czar, or shall our people strug-
gle out of the grasp of all monarchies
into the golden light of self-rule? Or
does the darker future await to be
realized that Germany and Austria-
Hungary be conquered and civilization
go back to the rule of autocrats? Shall
Czar Nicholas be the suzerain of the
European world? Shall France be
seized by its royalists, most of whom
are in control of its army, and re-es-
tablish the monarchy, the overthrow
of which was the brightest page of
the history of human progress?

Whatever the result, the good that
may come is so outweighed by the evil
of rapine, slaughter and devastation
that we shudder to look into the im-
mediate future of this tragedy of man-
kind.

Democracy is in the gravest danger
of all times. A triumph of the czar
means setting the world back one hun-
dred years.

**Daily
Courier-Journal**
\$6.00 Year
**Sunday
Courier-Journal**
\$2.00 a Year
Real Newspapers

Best National News
Best State News
Best Local News
Best Market Reports
Best Foreign News
Best Political News
Best of Everything
Best for Everybody

Are you interested in what is tak-
ing place day by day all over the
world? If you are, you NEED THE
COURIER-JOURNAL.

If there is an agent in your town
give him a trial order one month—
Daily, 50 cents, with Sunday 75 cents.

If there is no agent in your town
give your order to the paper in which
this advertisement appears (you may
get a special clubbing rate), or send
the order direct to the Courier-
Journal.

WEEKLY COURIER-JOURNAL
has been discontinued, but FARM
AND FAMILY, a most excellent il-
lustrated monthly magazine, is a
worthy successor. The price is only
25 cents a year. Ask for a sample
copy.

Courier-Journal Company
Incorporated
LOUISVILLE, KY.



Time Card No. 147

Effective Sunday, April 12, 1914.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

No. 93—C. & N. O. Lim. 11:56 p. m.
No. 51—St. L. Express 5:35 p. m.
No. 95—Dixie Flyer 9:01 a. m.
No. 55—Hopkinsville Ar. 7:05 a. m.
No. 53—St. L. Fast Mail 5:33 a. m.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

No. 92—C. & St. L. Lim., 6:25 a. m.
No. 52—St. Louis Express, 9:52 a. m.
No. 94—Dixie Flyer, 6:54 p. m.
No. 56—Hopkinsville Ac. 8:55 p. m.
No. 54—St. L. Fast Mail 10:18 p. m.

No. 51 connects at Guthrie for Memphis and
points as far south as Erin, and for Louisville,
Cincinnati and the East.

No. 53 and 55 make direct connections at Guthrie
for Louisville, Cincinnati and all points north
and east thereof. Nos. 53 and 55, also connect for
Memphis and way points.

No. 93 carries through sleepers to Atlanta, Mem-
phis, Jacksonville, St. Augustine and Tampa, Fla.
Also Pullman sleepers to New Orleans. Connects
at Guthrie for points East and West. No. 93 will
not carry local passengers for points north
Nashville, Tenn.

J. C. HOGE, Agt.

W. E. PENN
Barber Shop and Bath Rooms

LADIES' AND GENTS'
CLOTHES
Cleaned and Pressed

FREN

CHAMPION'S MONUMENT

Tablet Erected To Memory Of
Lester Bryant In Warren
County.

Bowling Green, Ky., Aug. 16.—The monument to the memory of fifteen-year-old Lester Bryant, of Warren county, champion corn-grower of Kentucky of 1911-12, who was asphyxiated in Washington in January, 1913, was erected yesterday in Fairview cemetery in this city. The monument, which is of Warren county white stone, is six feet in height, and the base is 6x3 feet. The money for the monument, which amounts to about \$600, was obtained from the sale of Lester Bryant's corn, most of which was sold for \$1 per ear. The inscription on the monument is as follows:

"Lester Bryant, Rockfield, Warren County, Kentucky. Born March 27, 1898. Died January 20, 1913. STATE CHAMPION CORN GROWER—1912. Record 140 bu. 55 lbs. on one acre."

"The hoe that he wielded will be covered with dust,
The plow that he guided be still;
The trace chains be red with rust,
While he sleeps on the slope of the hill."

Yawn For Good Health.

(Tid Bits.)

According to most of our books on etiquette, it is very improper to yawn, but from the standpoint of health it is one of the best things we can do.

For one thing, a yawn ventilates the lungs. When you take an ordinary breath the lungs are not completely filled, nor are they thoroughly emptied by an ordinary respiration. There is a certain quantity of air left in the lungs always—what physiologists call "residual air."

This air in time becomes foul and affects the blood, and through the blood the nervous centers. Then at certain times certain nerves get tickled, as it were, and the result is a long-drawn-out yawn, which has the power of stretching the lungs to their fullest extent, driving out all the foul air and drawing in a supply of fresh, pure air.

Yawning, too, is beneficial to your hearing. When you give an extra big yawn you hear a crackling sound inside your head.

That is due to the stretching and opening of certain tubes which connect the ear and the back of the throat. If they are congested, as happens when you have a bad cold in the head, you complain of deafness.

If you feel inclined to yawn, by all means do so, regardless of what your book or etiquette may say. It is nature's way of cleaning out your lungs and the air passages in your head.

Looking For Elopers.

Oscar Marlin, of Cape Girardeau, Mo., was in the city Wednesday in search of his daughter, Hester, whom he claims was stolen from her home by William McHainey, a race horse man and rider. The girl is merely a little child, being only sixteen years of age, while the man that has taken her from her parents is thirty-five years of age. After driving away from the girl's home McHainey went to where he had his horses and presented the girl as his wife but investigation proved that no license has been issued. Marlin followed the couple on to DuQuoin, Ill., and there lost track of them. McHainey claims the girl is his wife and has told his friends in the places he has been, but the records at the various places show it to be untrue, as is claimed by the father.—Madisonville Hustler.

Economic Epigram.

A sentimental declaration, even if it runs counter to sound economies and the best interests of society, will have more adherents than a profound truth in political economy, the adoption of which demands an immediate sacrifice.

Card of Thanks.

To my host of friends I take this means of thanking each and every one of you for your help in the Kentuckian Contest. I didn't get the car but feel that every vote cast by me was to the advantage of the paper and came from a true and willing giver.

BILLIONS FOR LUXURIES

That Is One Reason For The
High Cost Of Living In
This Country.

Baltimore, Aug. 16.—More than five billions of dollars for luxuries and only \$12,000,000 for Christian missions, was the record of expenditures of the people of the United States last year, as given by Rev. Dr. W. E. Biederwolf, superintendent of the Commission on Evangelism of the Federal Council of the Church of Christ of America, at the Bible Conference at Mountain Lake Park.

The cost of some of the "unnecessaries of life" according to Dr. Biederwolf, was: Jewelry, \$900,000,000; candy, \$200,000,000; chewing gum, \$21,000,000; soft drinks, \$120,000,000; theatres, \$450,000,000; tobacco, \$1,200,000,000; millinery, \$90,000,000; intoxicating liquors, \$2,000,000,000.

Little Portugal.

Little Portugal has thrown her hat into the ring. She has dug up from the archives of state and ancient and almost forgotten alliance with Great Britain. It was almost forgotten because it was never expected to be of use.

The rest of the world may laugh at this little republic, hedged in between Spain and the sea, expressing willingness to go to the aid of England. Portugal has practically no military or naval strength. When great powers are lined up against each other it is not the time for small countries to interfere. However it was a small country which started the war and small countries are the present, bones of contention, so Portugal may yet play a part.

Portugal may not take a hand in the war in Europe, but Portugal has other interests not so very far away. The smug surprise at Portugal's declaration is natural to the unthinking, but looking under the surface of affairs there is room for serious contemplation.

It may have the effect of stirring up a section of the country not yet involved in war, but which will probably figure in the final settlement.

On the west coast of Africa, Portugal has a province just north of the German possessions there. On the east coast she has another just south of German territory. Between them lies the British union of South Africa and Rhodesia. The northeastern frontier of Portuguese Angola runs two-thirds of the way across the continent along the southern boundary of the Belgian Congo.

If Germany wins in the European contest she will unquestionably try to take the Belgian Congo, both provinces of Portugal and at least Rhodesia, if not South Africa, thus gaining control from coast to coast of all, or nearly all, of Africa south of the equator. In the event that Great Britain wins, the Portuguese possessions will be safe. This is probably the reason why Portugal dug up the long forgotten alliance and why the little republic threw the hat into the ring.

At least Portugal is playing on the safe side and believes in getting in touch with England before it is too late. In Europe her aid would be confined to some slight co-operation with the British navy to supply a friendly harbor on her coast. This would count but for little, but when the future is considered the policy of Portugal must be regarded as an exceedingly sensible one.—Commercial Appeal.

Money In Honey.

Farm and Fireside, the national farm paper published at Springfield, Ohio, contains in its current issue an article by Frank G. Moorhead entitled "There's Money in Honey," in which he tells the stories of several tenant farmers, particularly in Iowa, who have given up trying to make a decent living out of rented farms and have gone into the bee business with success.

To Vote on Bonds.

Hodgenville has called an election for the purpose of voting on issuing \$14,000 bonds to erect Water Works at that place, says the Herald. Hodgenville has 151 voters and over 101 voters will be required to carry the measure. Hodgenville seems to be determined not to be caught again by the fire fiend and is taking the proper steps to kill off the monster.



Teaching Boys and Girls to Use the Parcel Post.

In the current issue of Farm and Fireside Herbert Quick, editor of that publication, writing an article showing the value of the parcel post to farmers, tells, as follows, of a plan by which boys and girls can be taught how to use the parcel post:

"In a certain rural school in Cook county, Illinois, a 'parcel-post club' has been organized. The boys and girls bring their eggs, green corn, radishes, butter, and other produce to school, put the goods in hampers, and ship by parcel post to a select list of customers in the city. They keep the records of this club as a part of the school exercises.

"Ten years from now this new agency of transportation will have been pretty well developed."

Court Adjourns.

The regular August term of the circuit court, which had been in session at Murray for two weeks was adjourned Saturday. The criminal docket was one of the largest in history. Only two civil cases were tried, and a large number of criminal cases were continued. The grand jury returned about twenty indictments. The most important cases tried were those against Lube Vesl, Ethen Owings and Jeff Shroat, the former of whom was sentenced to the penitentiary for confederating and banding together.

Betrayed His Country.

Paris, Aug. 16.—The first sentence of death by a French court martial in the present war was announced Saturday. It was pronounced on a French tradesman, whose name has not been disclosed. It was proved that he sent reports on aviation, on the defenses of the country and on the wireless telegraph stations on Eiffel tower, to a French secret service agent believing him to be a German spy.

DR. BEAZLEY

Specialist

(Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.)

GRAHAM IS EXTRADITED

Accused of Fraud in Timber
Deal, Carries Extradition
Fight to Federal Court.

Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 16.—B. F. Graham, multi-millionaire land owner, was ordered taken back to Tennessee to be tried on a charge of having defrauded Thomas B. Ayers of a large sum of money in an alleged timber land deal.

The moment Judge Willis announced his decision, Graham began a new fight in the federal court. An application for a writ of habeas corpus was made before Judge Erskine M. Ross. Graham was placed in the county jail to await the outcome of the hearing of the federal court. Graham was indicted in Tennessee on the charge of having obtained a sum variously estimated at from \$10,000 to \$50,000 from Ayers by pretending to transfer title to Graham Island timber lands near Vancouver.

Good Money to be Made Out of Apples in the Corn Belt.

The following was taken from the current issue of Farm and Fireside: "Corn is not the only thing in sight in the corn-belt states. In Illinois, for instance, a fruit expert, W. F. Perrine, preaches and practices apple production, and has the figures and cash to show that \$500 per acre per annum net are within the reach of any apple grower who is willing to pay the price of protecting his fruit trees from insects and fungous diseases and supply the necessary plant food and culture.

"A 13-acre orchard owned by Mr. Perrine and his brother in Marion County yielded apples that sold for \$10,000 in 1907; and from the same trees 2,500 barrels were harvested in 1913. The last mentioned crop sold for from \$2 to \$2.50 per barrel, or over \$400 per acre.

Teaching Sex Hygiene In Public Schools.

The Womans Home Companion has taken a decisive position against public school instruction on sex hygiene and in its September number publishes the following communication from a Texas mother:

"I am glad you have taken this position. If parents would intelligently instruct their children concerning these problems there would be no necessity for this shameful outcry for public instruction.

"I earnestly hope you will be successful in your effort. I feel safe in saying that I voice the sentiments of the majority of mothers, and to us belongs the duty of enlightening our children upon the vital subject of sex knowledge."

Mules Burned.

Two large stock barns of Major R. Wells Covington, near Bowling Green, were totally destroyed by fire. Thirteen mules, which were in the barns, were burned to death. They were valued at several thousand dollars. Several buggy houses containing conveyances were destroyed. The loss is partially covered by insurance. The origin is unknown.

INCREASES ARE UNJUST

Preliminary Reports Made in
Investigation of Inflated
Prices.

Washington, Aug. 16.—Preliminary reports to the department of justice in the nation-wide crusade against inflation of food prices in many cases declared price increases were without justification and that conditions warranted a searching inquiry.

A new factor entered the situation to-day when word came from Kansas City that there was no beet sugar on the market, although California refineries were to have started manufacturing beet sugar August 1.

There is no apparent reason why beet sugar should not be on the market at this time, officers of the department of justice announced. The price of sugar has been raised in various cities.

The district attorney and a special agent working in San Francisco have prevented an increase in the freight rates to foreign ports on shipments of canned goods.

KITTY LEAGUE

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

Clubs.	W. L.	Pct.
Cairo	62	40 608
Owensboro	55	40 545
Henderson	53	46 535
Paducah	53	50 515

Sunday's Games.

Owensboro 7, Henderson 8.
Cairo 2-7, Paducah 0-1.

Saturday's Game.

Cairo 7, Paducah 6.
Henderson 3, Owensboro 1.

Friday's Games.

Owensboro 0, Cairo 0.
Ten innings.
Paducah 3, Henderson 2.

Catcher De Berry has been sold by Paducah to New Orleans for \$1000. De Berry has done classy receiving for the Indians this season and bids fair to stick for some time in the Southern Circuit.

The Kitty closes on Labor Day and all the clubs are struggling to keep up until the last lap is over.

The Henderson Gleaner says: "The Henderson team is still in a 'wobbly' financial condition, and every lover of the game should attend every game with the Owensboro team. If Henderson should, for financial reasons, drop out of the league, Owensboro would give us the 'horse laugh' for centuries to come. Let's stick it out, anyway just one day longer than Owensboro, if the crisis must come, and save our franchise for another season."

Manager Dopin, of the Phillies is using Jimmie Irelan almost exclusively as a pinch hitter. Irelan is pouncing the pellet at a lively clip in this capacity.

Dr. Bassett is in receipt of several letters from out of town clubs wishing games with the Hoptown All Stars. The "All Stars" played a game recently and sent the result to the Nashville papers. They forgot to mention in the write-up that the "All Stars" was a negro organization and hence the mistake.

FERTILIZER PRICES MUST GO UP

The European war has closed the mines from which most of the Fertilizer materials are obtained, and the ocean freighters have been turned into ships of war.

Early in the Season we Contracted for a Supply of

We Can Protect You



If You Buy Now

Bring in your orders now and get ready to raise your share of the Dollar Wheat.

PLANTERS HARDWARE COMPANY

INCORPORATED